If you are RUPTURED

Consult us. Our experts will examine you FREE if you call on us. We have satisfied thousands of sufferers. Our 50 years experience is at your service.

TRUSSES OF ALL VARIETIES IN STOCK

POWELLS LTD. BOMBAY No. 4.

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 211 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1942 PRICE: 1½ ANNAS

Taj

Tonight and Tomorrow

ROY BUTLER & HIS BAND

with

EMERALD ST. MARTIN

★

EDNA BELLEFONTAINE

★

"ZORA"

Police Raids In Poona, Nagpur And Lahore

MONGHYR RESUMES CONTACT WITH OUTSIDE WORLD

Military Measures To Restore Order In C. P. And Bihar

POONA, September 2.
(Delayed.)

Searches were carried out by police in eight different places of the City including the offices of the Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth and Poona District Constructive Programme Committee, three printing presses, one publishing house and two private residences.

Some objectionable leaflets and manuscripts were confiscated.

Four persons were arrested in this connection.

The 106 college students were being tried in two different batches for taking out a procession on August 16 in contravention of the Government ban, 56, including six women students tendered apology and were discharged with six months' bond for good behaviour. The remaining eight women students were convicted and sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment each. Five persons, who unintentionally got mixed the processionists, were acquitted.

The trial of the remaining 42 college students was postponed till next week.—United Press.

POLICE RAIDS IN LAHORE

LAHORE, Sept. 3.

Half a dozen houses were searched in Lahore this morning by the police in connection with unauthorised posters. A cyclostyle machine is reported to have been seized from one of the places.—A.P.

MONGHYR RESUMES CONTACT WITH WORLD

MONGHYR, August 31.

With the resumption of postal service on August 27 with the help of military patrol trains, Monghyr has been able to resume contact with the outside world which had been cut off on the evening of the 13th August as a result of students' demonstrations, reinforced by hooligans. The authorities were obliged at certain places to open fire against the continuation of such mob violence which resulted in few deaths.

With the promulgation of orders under Section 144 Cr. P. C. and the enforcing of the Curfew and the drafting of military pickets from Jamalpur, the situation in the town areas calmed down on the morning of 14th August.

Complete dislocation of all means of communications and traffic and the attendant sense of insecurity due to lawlessness let loose, raised the problem of supply of foodstuffs and essential necessities of life which the authorities strove to solve by adopting the "ration coupon" system to individual households previously registered.

"Safety of communications and collective responsibility orders" have been passed by the District Magistrate who has also issued a personal "appeal" to the lawabiding inhabitants of the district asking them to ponder over the insensate destruction of institutions of public weal and the effect of their continuation.

"Special tribunals" have been established throughout the district to try cases arising out of tampering with railway, telegraph and such other public services.

The judicial officers have also been vested with magisterial powers.

Police stations in the interior are being rehabilitated under magistrates at the head of armed forces which is gradually reassuring confidence among the public.—A. P.

DISTURBING REPORTS

PATNA, Sept. 1.

The following Press Note was issued last evening:—

"Reports from Purnea and Santal Parganas are disturbing. Lawlessness has been in evidence in Palamau also. Elsewhere in the province the position is reassuring.

In the Mokameh area large quantities, mainly of grain and sugar looted during the disturbances, have been recovered by house searches. In Gaya town a duplicating machine stolen from a school and some objectionable literature have been recovered.

On the 20th and 21st large mobs attacked Government property at Nabinagar in Gaya District and severely assaulted the Sub-Inspector and a Constable. The Sub-Inspector used his revolver and wounded 9 persons. In Shahabad troops shot four and wounded two persons for attempting to break through a cordon. In Darbhanga, villagers are repairing damage on their own initiative. In this district an Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police is reported to have been murdered at Singhia.

In Santal Parganas, fire was opened on a moo at Deoghar on the 26th killing one and wounding two.

In Madhupur considerable opposition to the Congress movement is in evidence. In another area 200 villagers are ready to help the troops. A village defence party successfully repelled a mob bent on attacking the village.

In Purnea, 30 persons were arrested in a Dharmasala in Katihar with 60 lathis and some spears and swords. On the 25th at Dnandaha a very determined mob had to be dispersed by force. On the 26th at Banmankhi the Sub-Inspector of Police was saved from being overwhelmed by opening fire killing 4 and wounding 6. At Rupauli on the 25th a Sub-Inspector of Police and two Constables were burnt alive, but the mob received severe punishment at the hands of the Senior Sub-Inspector and two Constables who were ultimately rescued by a party from Purnea.

On the 27th in Purnea town troops had to open fire on a mob advancing on the treasury. The mob dispersed. No casualties are reported.—A. P.

NOTICE TO READERS

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, BEING PARSI NEW YEAR DAY, THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" WILL REMAIN CLOSED ON THAT DAY. THE ISSUE OF THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE WEEKLY" WILL, HOWEVER, BE AVAILABLE ON SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, WITH THE USUAL NUMBER OF PAGES AND ALL ITS PRINCIPAL FEATURES. IT WILL NOT CONTAIN ANY NEWS OWING TO SATURDAY BEING OBSERVED AS A HOLIDAY.

TROOPS OPEN FIRE AT LAKHISARAI AND BALSAND

PATNA, Sept. 3.

A Press note issued by the Bihar Government last night stated that at Lakhisarai (E.I.R.), troops had to open fire on a mob, killing three persons.

At Balsand, in Muzaffarpur district, troops encountered an armed and very violent mob and opened fire to disperse them.

On August 28 at Jhanjharpur railway station (Darbhanga), the police were attacked by a crowd, which was dispersed by opening fire, which resulted in one being killed and another wounded.

S. D. O.'S MURDER SEQUEL.

The Government has announced a reward of Rs. 5,000 to any person giving information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons who killed Sub-Divisional Officer Hardip Singh, Inspector

(Continued on page 5)

TEST BRITISH 'BONA FIDES'

Mahasabha Move For United Front: Invitation To Leaders

NEW DELHI, September 3.

As a first step in their plan to enter into negotiation with the principal political parties, the Committee of Seven appointed by the All-India Mahasabha Working Committee have addressed a letter to leaders of parties such as Depressed Classes, the Muslim League, Sikhs and Indian Christians enclosing a copy of the Mahasabha resolution and inviting support for the demands made in it.

The letter declares:—

"The real question is whether the British Government is willing to part with power. Unless His Majesty's Government is ready to transfer power to Indian hands, the present deadlock is bound to continue and there is no chance of any satisfactory interim arrangement during the war. India is no longer satisfied with the mere declaration that Independence will come to her after the termination of the war. That declaration was made by Sir Stafford Cripps and it was not accepted by the important parties in India. What we want is this that power should be transferred here and now, and subject to suitable adjustments necessary to the successful prosecution of war the National Government in India should be formed without any delay, and they should mobilise the manpower and the resources of the country for the National Defence of India.

NEED OF GENUINE ATTEMPT

"We feel that if a genuine attempt is made to concentrate on a satisfactory interim arrangement, the deadlock can be solved with the goodwill of important political parties in the country. We realise that there are important issues which have got to be faced and solved when the constitution of free India will be framed but in this grave crisis this ought not to stand in the way of the solution of the present deadlock, and they should be left over till after the end of the war.

"We trust that if the important political groups or parties present a united front, the British Government will have to yield and come to terms with India. We want your help and co-operation in presenting such a common front and demanding an Indo-British settlement on honourable terms.

"We hope you will give this matter your careful consideration and favour us with your view on the subject at the earliest convenience and you will support our demand for settlement."

The letter is understood to have been sent to some thirty addresses, including Mr. Rajagopalachari, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. B. J. Desai, Mr. Jinnah and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru.—A. P.

NATIONAL GOVT. FOR WAR EFFORT

Indian Commerce Chamber Chief On Congress Demand

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

The view that a representative National Government, "as demanded by the country", alone could enthuse the people for harnessing all their efforts for the defence of the country and the vigorous prosecution of the war, was emphasised by Mr. R. L. Nopany presiding over the second quarterly meeting of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, to-day.

Mr. Nopany observed that if Britain really intended that India should achieve an independent status immediately, then there was hardly any point of substantial difference between the Government and the Congress as the latter had only demanded an immediate transfer of effective power to the people of the country.

Referring to the Congress demand, he hoped that the Government would recognise the realities and take immediate steps to open negotiations with the leaders of the people with a view to establishing a representative National government with effective power at the Centre. In this connection he characterised the action of the Government in arresting Congress leaders as "rather precipitate" and said:—

"It has led to the deplorable state of affairs, especially as Mahatma Gandhi was reported to have clearly expressed his intention of negotiating with His Excellency the Viceroy with a view to arriving at a solution of the political deadlock. While we certainly do not approve of the acts of violence on the part of the people, every thinking Indian to-day does feel that there is deeprooted and wide-spread discontent among the people of the country against the present form of government.—A.P.

A. I. C. C. Member Arrested

COMILLA, Sept. 1.

The Chairman of the Comilla Municipality, who is a member of the A.I.C.C. has been arrested under the Defence of India Rules. —A.P.

SHYAMPRASAD TO MEET VICEROY?

NEW DELHI, Sept. 3.

DR. SHYAMPRASAD MUKERJEE WILL BE BACK IN DELHI ON MONDAY AND IS LIKELY TO MEET THE VICEROY BEFORE LEAVING FOR CALCUTTA.—A. P.

INDIA'S HAPPINESS NOT FAR OFF

Srinivas Sastry Hopes Seemingly Endless Trouble Will Soon Be Over

COIMBATORE, Sept. 1.

An optimistic note about the future of India was struck by the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivas Sastry in the course of a lecture on 'Disillusionment' at a meeting under the auspices of the Agricultural College Students' Union, Coimbatore on Monday evening.

Mr. Sastry said that the events happening in India for sometime past looked bad but he had many such experiences before. He narrated two of his own experiences one relating to general world affairs, the failure of the League of Nations to establish permanent concord between various nations. The second related to India and the outcome of the second Round Table Conference.

Mr. Sastry said the general feeling in India was one of pessimism. It was one that filled them with gloomy thoughts. The speaker was regarded as one who was a pessimist though he denied that charge. Time after time they had recovered from the shocks of tragedies and misfortunes, while, the speaker had passed through many disappointments in life, yet he felt that Indian happiness was not far off. There had been setbacks, miserable lapses but there were all transitory. They still looked forward with confidence to a time when this seemingly endless trouble would be over and the world would once more bring joy to mankind. Good and bad come together one after another and they must all be prepared to face them.—A. P.

Dr. Mukerjee At Lahore

(From Our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, Sept. 3.

According to private information received here, Doctor Shyamaparshad Mukerjee, Finance Minister, Bengal Government is reaching Lahore on September 4. He is expected to stay here for two days to discuss political situation with Hindu leaders.

Karlsruhe Ablaze

Daring R.A.F. Raid: Two German Planes Shot Down Over England

LONDON, Sept. 3.

R.A.F. bombers were over Germany last night.

Two enemy aircraft were destroyed in raids on this country last night.

R. A. F. OVER THE RHINE

BERLIN.—The German News Agency stated to-day: "British bombers attacked an area to the left of the Rhine last night. At several places high explosive and incendiary bombs were dropped."

Karlsruhe Bombed

LONDON.—A strong force of R.A.F. bombers attacked upper Rhineland, with Karlsruhe as the main objective, last night. The crews reported very large fires and a thick pall of smoke upto 8,000 feet over the town. Eight bombers are missing.

By attacking Karlsruhe, the vital junction of the German north-south and east-west railway systems, the R.A.F. has provided a new and quick illustration of Sir Archibald Sinclair's broadcast explanation of the policy of wrecking and delaying German transport.

The southward line through Karlsruhe, not only serves Munich and southern Reich generally, but forms the main route for material from the Rhineland and the Ruhr to reach Italy.

The westward line is important as a link with the French transport system.

Karlsruhe is also of first importance, as a canal and inland dock centre. Its pre-war sewing machine factories, and other industry have been transformed to war production.

Nazi Planes Over England

For a short while before midnight a few enemy aircraft were over parts of east and north-eastern England. Bombs which were dropped at one or two widely separated points, caused only slight damage and no casualties have been reported.

Two German aircraft were destroyed over Britain last night, says an Air Ministry 'communique'. Shortly before midnight, a small number of German planes dropped bombs at a few widely separated points in east and north-east England. There were no casualties, and only slight damage.

It is reliably understood that only about six German aircraft approached the east coast last night. One was shot down before reaching land and another was destroyed on the coast. Three penetrated a short distance inland and dropped their bombs in the east and north-east without causing casualties or appreciable damage.—Reuter.

NAZIS CAUGHT NAPPING

Soviet Sweep On Warsaw: Concentrated Bombing Rail Junctions

MOSCOW, Sept. 3.

The latest Soviet raid on Warsaw again caught the Germans napping. The town was not blacked cut when the Soviet bombers arrived. The main object of the raid was to disrupt general communications with the front, and the bombing was concentrated on railway stations and junctions. Anti-aircraft defences are reported to have been weak.—Reuter.

ENEMY AIRCRAFT RAID HAIFA

HAIFA, Sept. 3.

Enemy aircraft raided Haifa area early this morning and were engaged by the defenders.

Few bombs were dropped outside the town causing negligible damage to private property. There were no casualties.—Reuter.

POOLING OF ANGLO-U. S. RESOURCES

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The British Government have exchanged Notes with the United States Government establishing the bases on which Britain furnishes aid to the United States.

The exchange notes concern arrangements which are already in practical operation to carry into effect the accepted principle of pooling of material resources. Under these arrangements, Britain is providing free of charge to the United States supplies and services of all kinds needed for both the United States forces in the United Kingdom and in the colonial empire and for the construction of military work.

The total British empire cash purchases in the United States since September 1939 is about 7,000 million dollars, a great deal more than the total United States Lend-Lease deliveries to Britain hitherto. Similar exchanges of Notes have been signed with the United States Government by the Governments of Australia and New Zealand.—Reuter.

Nazis Attack Soviet Black Sea Port

DESPERATE PITCH IN STALINGRAD BATTLE

Deeds Of Heroism In Fierce Soviet Resistance

MOSCOW, September 3.

The Germans are attacking Novorossisk, the chief remaining Black Sea naval port after the fall of Sebastopol, with a large force moving parallel along the coastline from the north-west.

The "Red Star," reporting that an intense battle has taken place, states that in one sector the Red forces withdrew to new positions.

FIERCE BATTLE FOR STALINGRAD

The Red Army is fighting the fiercest battle of the year against a terrific German onslaught south-west of Stalingrad, writes Reuter's Special Correspondent. Marshal von Bock flung in 200 tanks and several divisions of infantry after a two hours' massed bombing and shelling attack on the Soviet lines. Masses of German infantry went over the top in waves, while more fresh and fully rested infantry were hured in to the Melee every three hours.

They Fight Like Lions

One Soviet guards unit has been fighting like lions for ten successive days. The Germans are bringing in forces from distant parts of the Soviet-German front. The "Red Star" states: The Germans have considerable numerical superiority. Between a certain village and a hill 88 German tanks, and a regiment of infantry broke through a gap in the Soviet lines and though held up by a close curtain of Soviet artillery and mortarfire, the Germans all day yesterday were pressing hard in order to expand the wedge.

Mass air battles at the approaches to Stalingrad are almost incessant. On Tuesday alone there were 23 air battles at Stalingrad, Soviet fighters warding off the attempts of the German bombers to get through and repeat last week's 'Rotterdaming.'"

Soviet Withdrawal

In some sectors Soviet troops were obliged yesterday to withdraw to new positions. The Red Army is fighting with extreme heroism. Typical is the stand by 33 Soviet infantrymen against 70 German tanks, not a single one of which got through to Stalingrad. Fighting only with anti-tank rifles and handgrenades, these men destfoyed 27 tanks, putting the remainder to flight. One Soviet man was only slightly wounded.

Struggle To Keep Nazis Back

Northwest of Stalingrad there was no essential change in the position yesterday. In the hilly terrain of the Kletskaya region Red army units continue to fight for the safety of Stalingrad, by pressing this part of the extended German line. One flank attack resulted in the capture of a hill, seven guns, three tanks and many machineguns. Small Soviet units infiltrating into the German rear making surprise attacks, are frequently putting to flight much larger German forces and playing a big part here.

In Mozdok Region

In the Mozdok region the Germans are now concentrating on crossing the river from the north bank. Yesterday a large detachment of tommygunners succeeded, but were encircled by Soviet troops on the south bank and exterminated. In another place the Germans endeavoured to get tanks across this swiftly flowing mountain torrent. Soviet artillery were unable to break the German attempt.

Fierce Engagements

To-day's Soviet midday 'communique' states: "During the night of September 2, our troops fought fierce engagements with the enemy north-west and south-west of Stalingrad, and also north-west of Novorossisk. No material changes took place on the other fronts."

In a fierce engagement north-west of Stalingrad 11 German tanks were destroyed, according to a supplement to the 'communique'. It adds:

"In the Kletskaya area an attack by a regiment of German infantry supported by 38 tanks was repelled with heavy losses to the enemy. Six tanks were disabled and more than 200 men were killed.

South-west of Stalingrad our troops fought intense defensive engagements with attacking enemy forces which had penetrated into our defences.

At one point the Germans made four attacks, but every time were thrown back by the powerful fire of mortar and machine-guns. In another sector our forces withdrew to new positions.

North-west of Novorossisk our units fought defensive engagements.

In the Mozdok area in the eastern Caucasus, our units fought stubborn engagements for a river crossing. Three enemy planes were brought down by our ground defences."—Reuter.

U. S. SHIPYARDS' RISING DELIVERY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

The Maritime Commission announced that United States shipyards delivered 68 new cargo vessels and large tankers in August, totalling 753,600 tons. In July 71 ships totalling 790,300 tons were delivered.—Reuter.

DESERT LULL CONTINUES

But Air Action Rages Over Battle Area: Axis Ships And Transport Attacked

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Reports this afternoon show that the desert lull of the last two days still continuing this morning.

The Middle East joint war 'communique' issued on Thursday says: "During September 1|2 no land operations developed in any sector of the front.

Yesterday in the southern sector there was no major engagement, but the enemy was subjected to heavy and continuous artillery and air bombardment. The principal target was armoured forces and transport concentrations which remain in the Hiemimat-Ruwiesat area during the day. Our mobile forces attacked and harassed the enemy in this sector from east and south-east, destroying many vehicles.

On the night of September 1|2 our medium bombers attacked targets in the battle area and, with heavy bombers, raided Tobruk. During yesterday a record number of bomber sorties was carried out by Allied aircraft and satisfactory results are reported. The enemy were also active, and in engagements over the battle area our fighters shot down six Stukas and nine fighters.

A direct hit was claimed by an R.A.F. torpedo carrying aircraft on an enemy merchant vessel which was attacked off the Cyrenaican coast during the night of September 1|2, while on Wednesday our long range fighters successfully attacked other enemy vessels. Last night our medium bombers attacked targets in the battle area near Daba. The results were particularly satisfactory.—Reuter.

"Tatuta Maru" Sails

LOURENCO MARQUES, Sept. 3.

The Japanese exchange ship "Tatuta Maru" left here on her homeward journey to-day with 877 Japanese citizens on board and 42 Siamese.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS
1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS

are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled

rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered

to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are in-

serted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No (———) "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN

Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Correspondence invited by a member of a Mohamedan Ruling Family, beside Government Officer, drawing handsome salary, view matrimonial, well educated and advance view girl only may write. No caste and religion restriction. Box No. 16784, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted:—Matrics, Non-Matrics for Sub-offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Indo-Finance & Transportation Corporation, Delhi. (16824)

Wanted an experienced Accountant with knowledge of costing etc. Apply with references to P.O. Box 416, Bombay. (16813)

Wanted Solicitor Assistant. Solicitors only need apply stating qualifications. Box No. 16808, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Active Compcser, fully experienced in Printing. English knowledge essential. Apply Saifee Printing Press, Deolali. (16805)

Secure employment learning Telegraphy, Shorthand, Typewriting (Re. 1/-), Shortest time, Smallest expense. Arrangement for Ladies. National Typewriting Institution, Dwarkadas Mansions, Sandhurst Road, (Marwadi Vidyalaya). 16788

Wanted a capable Saw Mill Mechanic having full experience of erecting and maintaining woodworking machinery. Apply with Testimonials to Box No. 16811, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for an Overseer's post in the Kaira District Local Board in the grade 60-4-2-100. A. B. E. or a D. C. E. of the Engineering College, Poona, will be preferred. In absence of such Kalabhavan Diploma holders will be considered. No other need apply. C. N. Patel, President, District Local Board of Kaira. (9559)

Wanted immediately thoroughly experienced Contract Incharges, Civil Engineers, Overseers, Sub-Overseers, Mistries, Supervisors, and others having extensive experience of building works. Also Office Superintendents, Accountants, Store-keepers, Time-keepers, Cashiers and Stenographers. Only those in a position to join immediately need apply stating detailed particulars of qualifications, experience, and minimum salary acceptable to Karam Chand Thapar & Bros. Ltd., 53/4, Hazra Road, Calcutta. (9555)

65. ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted Godown accommodation about 2,500/3,000 sq. ft. Frere Road, Reay Road locality. Apply Box No. 16806, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

R. I. B. A. Final Government examinations in architecture. Course by personal instruction arranged by Reuben, Commissariat Building, Hornby Road. 16789

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted a Gas Engine, 50 H.P. with gas generator preferably in duplicate with heavy fly-wheel. Quote Box No. 16818, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Agents—Here's your meal ticket. Be independent. Earn Rs. 3/- daily without investment. No competition. Guaranteed income. No risk. Experience unnecessary. Particulars free from—Metropolitan Trading Co. (B.C.B.) Multan Cantt. (9434)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates.

	Per Column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified

SANITARY INSPECTORS' CLASS.

NOTICE.

THE 1942-43 Session of the Sanitary Inspectors' Class, held in co-operation with the Royal Sanitary Institute, London, and the Government of Bombay, will commence from 1st November, 1942. Applications for admission to the class should be made to the Undersigned not later than 30th September, in the prescribed form, which will be supplied free of charge.

Graduates in Medicine and Veterinary Science, who wish to come in as Government nominees must submit their applications to the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay, Bombay through the Principals of the Medical Colleges and Veterinary College respectively.

Further information in regard to the course and examination will be supplied on application to the Undersigned.

B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer,
Bombay Municipality.
(Hon. Local Secretary).

Public Health Deptt.,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 1st September, '42.
(9552)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

EMPLOYMENT NOTICE.

WANTED URGENTLY:—

(a) One fully qualified MINING ENGINEER with not less than six years experience in Mica Mining. The applicants should not be more than 40 years of age and should possess a Mining Degree, Certificate or Diploma of a recognised University or equivalent institution. The pay of the post will be according to qualifications subject to a maximum of Rs. 800/- a month.

(b) Two qualified ASSISTANT MINING ENGINEERS with not less than three years experience in Mica Mining. The applicants should be not more than 30 years of age and should possess a Mining Degree, Certificate or Diploma of a recognised University or equivalent institution. The pay of the posts will be according to qualifications subject to a maximum of Rs. 500/- a month each.

All the appointments will be temporary.

Applications may be addressed giving full particulars of qualifications, etc. to the DIRECTOR, Geological Survey of India, Calcutta, so as to reach him on or before the 14th September, 1942.
(9554)

NOTICE

MAPS and PHOTOGRAPHS of Malaya, Thailand, Indo-China, Korea, Japan, Formosa, Netherlands Indies, Micronesia, Burma and other Far Eastern countries are required by the Far Eastern Bureau, British Ministry of Information.

Any type of map may prove a useful contribution to the collection now being made by the Bureau—Tourist, Automobile, Survey, Guide Road, Railway or Town.

Persons who are willing to assist in making this collection should send maps or photographs of the areas named to the Director, Far Eastern Bureau, British Ministry of Information, Malhotra Building, Queensway, New Delhi.
9461

328. AGENCIES WANTED

Wanted sole Selling Agencies for Southern Madras Districts. Chemicals and Allied lines preferred. Good references. Box No. 16816, "Bombay Chronicle."

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Approved Lady or Gentleman earning monthly over Rupees Fifty will get Loan accordingly upto Rupees Five Hundred on Personal Bond. Capital Investment Company, Room 56, Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road. (16622)

Immediate Loans advanced to approved parties against simple writing or mortgage (New Management—New Address): Bombay Loans and Finance Corporation, above Bank of India (Third Floor), Kalbadevi. (16823)

LOST

Lost A Dog: brown, half-breed, bitch with the chain on, from Matunga Station towards Dadar west of B.B. & C.I. Rly. on Monday 31st August about 5-30 p.m. Finder will be rewarded. Dr. F. Rodrigues, "Fairfield", 204, Cadell Road, Mahim.

352. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Few Packets of 14 Gauge Steel Wire in 1 Cwt. packets available for sale. Please correspond with Mehra, Comar Building, Lalchand Street, Anarkali, Lahore. (16803)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER, Parel, will receive up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on 15-10-1942, tenders for Painting and White-washing of Shops at Parel and Matunga Works.

The prescribed form of tender with conditions, specifications, &c., can be had from the Chief Mechanical Engineer's Office on payment of Rs. 2 in cash per copy which amount will not be refunded.
(9539)

SALE OF THE BOMBAY ENAMEL WORKS, CHEMBUR.

I have this day SOLD the above BUSINESS to Messrs. ANANDJI NARANJI & CO., who will continue to carry on the said business at their risk and on their account from this date.

All debts due to and owing by in respect of the said business upto Today will be received and paid by me.

S. L. BANNERJI,
29th Aug. 1942.
(16821)

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Tender No. 120 B.

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi invites tenders for the supply of Arsenious Oxide. (Please state percentage purity of the sample).

Tender form which is not transferable can be procured on payment of Rs. 2/-/- which is not refundable, from the Deputy Controller of Purchase, Office of Director-General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi, or from Deputy Assistant Director-General, (Medical Stores), Medical Store Depots, Bombay, Calcutta, Lahore or Madras. Payments should be made in cash or by money order only. Tender Number and remitter's full address should be given on the money order coupon.

Tenders are due on 15-9-1942.
(9558)

UNIQUE TREAT
for the Holidays!
MINERVA'S
Sweet
Entertainer
with
the Violin Touch
PHIR MILENGE
Director: SOHRAB MODI
FRI., SAT., SUN.—Daily
1, 4, 7 & 9-30 P. M.
From TO-MORROW
8th WEEK AT CENTRAL
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
Fri., Sat., Sun., Mat.
2-30 p.m.
MOTILAL & SHAMIM
in RANJIT'S Social
ARMAN
Director:
KEDAR SHARMA

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
METRO
Esplanade Rd. Tel. 31045
DAILY AT
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 P.M.
William Powell · Myrna Loy
SHADOW OF THE THIN MAN
Directed by
Maj. W. S. VAN DYKE II
Produced by
HUNT STROMBERG
SPECIAL HOLIDAY MORNING
SHOWS AT 10 A.M.
TOMORROW MORNING
JEANETTE MACDONALD
NELSON EDDY
IN
"SWEETHEARTS"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
SUNDAY MORNING:
ALL-COMEDY SHORTS PROGRAMME
CONSISTING OF LAUREL & HARDY, OUR GANG, PETE SMITH CARTOONS ETC.

STILL HE SMILES!

The heedless Hero
of BOMBAY TALKIES'
JHOOLA
Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.
Matinee 11 a.m.
on Sat., Sunday
ROXY

YOUR TOP-STAR
CHANDRAMOHAN
Hits a New-High in
3rd NEW INDIA Release
JHANKAR
Silver Film Comedy-Hit
Players
CHANDRA MOHAN, PRAMILA KUMAR, AZURIE, GOPE SHAHAJADI
Daily 4 Shows
1-30; 4, 7, 10
Novelty
Phone 40106

EVERY HOME
is a Pillar of Society—
Provided it is united and strong!
See Amar Pictures'

Ankh Michowli
Starring:
Nalini and Sulochana
9th WEEK
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Mat. Today, Tomorrow and Sun. 1 p.m.

Grand Pateti Attraction!
COMMENCING TODAY 4 P.M.
SONJA HENIE
JOHN PAYNE
in
Fox's Romantic Musical
SUN VALLEY SERENADE
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
PARADISE
—MAHIM—

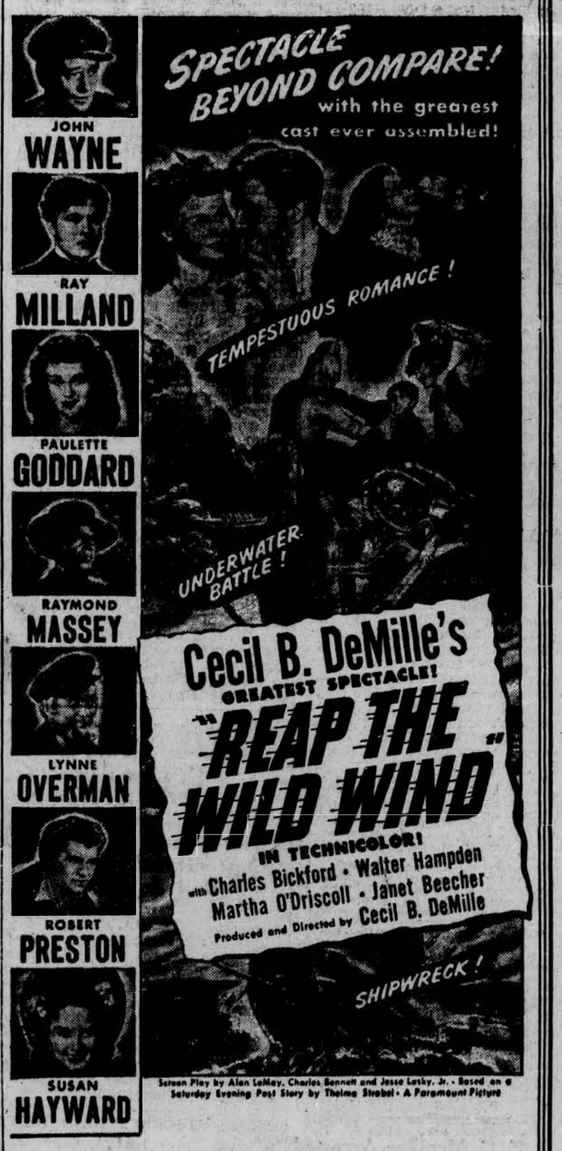
HOLIDAY MOOD!
Tickle It With the Snappy Tunes From Dalsukh Pancholi's
Khan-Daan
19th WEEK
NEW WEST END
Daily: 3, 6 and 9 p.m.

JOIN the JOY—JAMBOREE 8th Week
LED BY
KISHORE SAHU, PROTIMA DASGUPTA
in
ACHARYA ARTS' SPICY COMEDY!
'KUNWARA BAP'
Producer: N. R. ACHARYA
Daily: 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat. Sun. and Holidays at 1-30 p.m. at
LAMINGTON

BASANT
for Beauty of Song and Dance!
BASANT
for Beauty of Performance!
BASANT
FOR
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Showmanship!
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Hol., 12-30 Noon
MAJESTIC

IT SHOWS YOU
THE SUNNY-SIDE OF EXISTENCE
NATIONAL STUDIOS' MAGNIFICENT HIT

ROTI
Starring:
CHANDRAMOHAN
SHAIKH MUKHTAR
SITARA
AKHTARI FAIZABADI
ASHRAF KHAN
Produced & Directed by
MEHBOOB
2nd Week AT
SWASTIK
The Theatre For Luxurious Comfort
Daily: 3-45, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.
Sat. Sun. and Holidays
At 12-30 p.m. also
Book Now Phone 41561

GRAND PARSI NEW YEAR ATTRACTION!


Screen Play by Alan LeMay, Charles Bennett and Jesse Lasky, Jr. · Based on a Saturday Evening Post Story by Thelma Strabel · A Paramount Picture
NEW EMPIRE 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Complimentaries and Concessions Suspended.

GRAND PARSI NEW YEAR ATTRACTION
The REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

ROMANCE!
MUSIC!
GAIETY!
in TECHNICOLOR!
ALICE FAYE
JOHN PAYNE
CARMEN MIRANDA
CESAR ROMERO
in
Week-End in Havana
with
Cobina Wright, Jr · George Barbier
Sheldon Leonard · Leonid Kinskey
Chris-Pin Martin · Billy Gilbert
Directed by WALTER LANG
Produced by WILLIAM LeBARON · Original Screen Play by Karl Tunberg & Darrell Ware · Music & Lyrics by Mack Gordon, Harry Warren, James V. Monaco
A 20th Century-Fox Picture
6 NEW HIT SONGS!
Sunday: 10-30 a.m.
"WEEK-END IN HAVANA"
at EVENING PRICES
(Free List Suspended)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

GRAND PARSI NEW YEAR ATTRACTION!

AT THE

EXCELSIOR

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

A spectacular drama unsurpassed for thrills!

ONE OF OUR AIRCRAFT IS MISSING

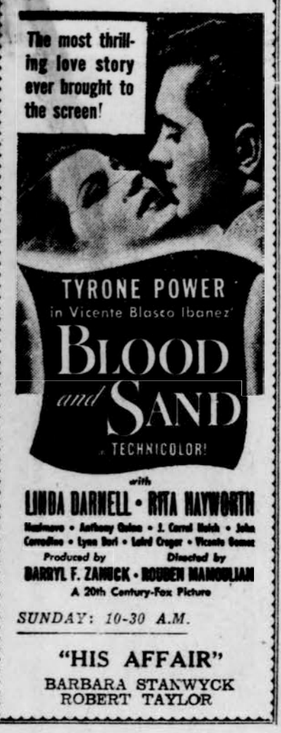
film of the actual bombardment of Stuttgart

with

GODFREY TEARLE
ERIC PORTMAN
HUGH WILLIAMS
GOOGIE WITHERS

CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.


The most thrilling love story ever brought to the screen!
TYRONE POWER
in Vicente Blasco Ibanez'
BLOOD and SAND
TECHNICOLOR!
with
LINDA DARNELL • RITA HAYWORTH
Rasimovo • Anthony Quinn • J. Carrol Naish • John Carradine • Lynn Bari • Laird Cregar • Vicente Gomez
Produced by Darryl F. Zanuck
Directed by Rouben Mamoulian
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

SUNDAY: 10-30 A.M.

"HIS AFFAIR"

BARBARA STANWYCK
ROBERT TAYLOR

GREY HAIR

Don't use dyes. Use our scented oil and let your grey hairs turn black lasting upto 60 years. Your eye-sight will be improved and headache cured. If a few hair has turned grey, then buy a phial for Rs. 2|- if more, then buy a phial for Rs, 3|8|-, if almost all then purchase one phial for Rs. 5|-. Double price be returned in case of failure.

WITH LEPROSY & LEUCODERMA

A few days' application of this medicine cures White Leprosy and Leucoderma radically. Get rid of this horrible diseases by application of this medicine in spite of failure by hundreds of Hakims, Doctors, Kavirajes and advertisers. Price Rs. 2|- for 15 days.

GONORRHOEA CURE

Cures chronic or acute cases (no matter of auy age, or stage) and gives new life to the hopeless and disappointed. Relieves pain, stops pus, heals sore, helps passage of urine and removes all other urinal disorders in a day. Price Rs. 2|- only.

Vaidyaraj AKHIL KISHORE RAM,
No. 45, P.O. Katrisarai (Gaya).

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 9, 1998
Muslim: Saban 22, 1361
Parsi: Gatha 5, 1311
Sunrise: 7-25 a.m. Sunset: 7-50 p.m.
Hightide: 7-46, 18-18. Lowtide: —, 13-36

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"Week-End in Havana" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Blood and Sand" 4, 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"One of Our Aircraft is Missing" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Kunwara Bap" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 3, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m
BROADWAY—"Fyas" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khan Daan" 3 and 6
PARADISE—"Sun Valley Serenade" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Reap the Wild Wind" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m
CHITRA—"Sasural" 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"Keep 'em Flying", 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Top Hat" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Khazanchi" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
METRO—"Shadow of the Thin Man", 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA "Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Roti" 3-45, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Basant" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
CENTRAL—"Phir Milenge" 4, 7 and 9-30
NOVELTY—"Jhankar" Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Arman", 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
CITY LIGHT—"Gopal Krishna" 12-30, 3 and 5-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ankh Michowli" 4, 7 and 10
KOHINOOR—"Sangam" Time as usual.
PRAKASH—"Aurat" 1 and 4 p.m
HIND-MATA—"Toofan Mail" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

IN MEMORIAM

KAIKINI—Mrs. Shantabai who passed away on September 4th, 1939, to the Abode Eternal.
"A diaphanous angel recalled too soon in Heaven."

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY: Pandit Dilip Chandra Vedi will give a performance of vocal music at Laxmi Baug, Bhatwadi on Saturday, September 5 at 8-30 a.m.

SRI NANDOTSAV CELEBRATION: Celebration of Sri Nandotsav will be held to-day at the Gaudiya Math (Calliandas Building, Gowalia Tank Road) with Samkirtan from 7 to 7-30 p.m., Aratrikam from 7-30 to 7-40 p.m., Lectures from 7-45 to 8-30 p.m. and distribution of Mahaprasadam at 8-45 p.m. On Saturday, there will be distribution of Mahaprasad to the poor from 9-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

A BENEFIT PERFORMANCE: In aid of the Silver Jubilee Library Fund of the Art Society of India, the National Theatre of India will present "Majhya Kalesathi" (For My Art"), a Marathi play written by Mama Sahib Warerkar and directed by Mr. P. Altekar, at the Opera House on Saturday, the 5th September at 9-30 a.m. (New S.T.).

"ROSHAN" AT BALIWALA THEATRE: Baliwala Dramatic Company and Khatau Alfred Theatrical Company will jointly stage "Roshan", a Gujarati play by Dara Kapadia on Navroz and Parsi New Year's day, at 3-15 p.m., at Baliwala Theatre. Bai Munnibai is in a feature role.

NORTH KANARA DISTRICT POLITICAL CONFERENCE: Messrs. G. P. Murdeshwar and D. A. Telang, honorary secretaries, North Kanara Political Conference, 1921, write that a meeting of the subscribers to the Fund collected in Bombay City for the purpose of holding the North Kanara District Political Conference in 1920, under the presidentship of late Sir Narayan Chandavarkar, will be held on Saturday, the 19th instant at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises of the Kanara Brotherhood, Arya Bhavan, Sandhurst Road, to consider the transfer of the balance of the Fund lying in the N. K. G. S. B. Bank in the name of late Mr. Shantaram Mangesh Kulkarni, to the reserve fund of the Kanara Brotherhood. All subscribers to the said Fund are requested to attend the meeting.

HINDI SCHOOL, MATUNGA: New Classes for all the examinations of Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, will commence from 13th instant. Intending applicants may please see the Secretary, Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha, No. 9, Krishna Niwas, Nappoo Gardens, Matunga, between 8-30 and 9-30 p.m. every day. Classes conducted Sundays and Week days.

POSTAL NOTICE: The Postmaster-General, Bombay, writes to say that "FS" or "Faire Suivre" service (i.e. telegrams to follow the addressee) in respect of Foreign telegrams is discontinued with immediate effect.

CITY'S NEW FOOD CONTROLLER: The Government of Bombay has appointed Mr. V. B. Raju, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to Government, Finance Department, as Food Controller for Bombay City.
Mr. J. K. Thakore has been appointed Personal Assistant to the Food Controller and Assistant Secretary to Government, General Department.

SCARCITY OF FOOD GRAINS

Plea For Govt. Action To Relinquish

The attention of the Government was drawn to the serious plight of the workers and other poorer sections of the city's population as a result of scarcity of food grain and other essentials of life by the Conference of the representatives of Trade Unions and Consumers' Organisations at the Servants of India Society on Thursday evening.

The Conference warned the Government that unless immediate steps were taken to remove the scarcity, the discontent consequent thereupon would grow and would be utilized by the anti-war and pro-Fascist elements for their own subversive activities. After appealing to the Government that considerable steps should be taken to remove the hardships, the Conference appointed a Sub-Committee to collect information; to ask representatives of the Government to keep in touch with them and to secure facilities for Trade Unions and to organise an agitation for the removal of the present scarcity.

Mr. V. B. Karnik who presided over the Conference appointed by over 60 representatives and nearly 14 organisations, stated that the present situation was the result of hoarding by wholesalers. He suggested that more facilities should be given to Trade Unions and Co-operative Societies to start cheap grain shops.

ANJUMAN-E-MOHAFIZUL ISLAM
(From A Correspondent)

A meeting of the Anjuman-e-Mohafizul Islam was held at Ibrahim Mansion, 134 Walkeshwar Road, Malabar Hill, Bombay on Sunday last, under the presidentship of Mr. Sheikh Abdul Careem. An appeal was made to increase the membership in order to meet the increasing expenses of the Anjuman, which is doing good service such as providing a place to offer prayers looking after the religious education and providing charitable funerals, and other work for the uplift of the Muslim community. A sum of Rs. 47 was contributed towards the fund by those present.

15th WEEK! To-day at 3, 6-15, and 9-30 p.m.

THE FITTEST FILM FOR THE FAMILIES!

'SAUGAND'

New Theatres' Hit

On Sun. and Holidays Matinee at 12 Noon

KRISHNA

RELEASE THE LEADERS

Civil Liberties Union's Demand

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Civil Liberties Union was held on 1st September. Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. (Central) was in the chair.

A discussion took place on the curtailment of civil liberties at the present juncture and the work that should be undertaken by the Bombay Civil Liberties Union and the following resolution was passed:

(a) This meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Civil Liberties Union expresses its deep regret at the action of Government in arresting Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders of the Indian National Congress, and their detention without trial, and urges upon Government their immediate release;

(b) The Executive Committee protests against the issuing by Government of Ordinances and Orders under the Defence of India Act, which have all over the country abrogated the essential rights of freedom of Speech, Press, Movement and Association. The Bombay Civil Liberties Union asks that all these restrictions should be forthwith withdrawn;

(c) The Executive Committee also passed a resolution expressing the opinion that "firing in the midst of unarmed crowds almost invariably results in the deaths of or serious injuries to persons who are really innocent, and very seldom, if at all, punishes persons really guilty" and demanding that a public inquiring be instituted to examine into the causes of firing, resorted to by the police and the military, and to find out whether it was justified or not, and, if justified, to what extent";

(d) The Executive Committee noted "with extreme regret the reports of alleged unnecessary hardships and inconveniences, caused to persons who have been detained, either in prisons or in temporary jails, and urges upon Government promptly to furnish them with full particulars of the charges (if any) against them, owing to which they were detained, and arrange for proper inquiry into the matters, and to grant to persons under trial and to the detenus, reasonable facilities for correspondence, interviews with relatives, friends, and legal advisers."

"ILLEGAL AND UNWARRANTED" INTERFERENCE.

The following resolution was passed regarding the use by the Police of Order No. S.D.V. /102:—

"The Executive Committee draws the attention of Government to the illegal and unwarranted interference by the Bombay City Police authorities in obstructing meetings of members of various bodies, institutions and associations and of their executive committees, convened for the purpose of transacting their normal business. In particular, the meeting invites the attention of Government to the Police authorities insisting that the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Civil Liberties Union convened for being held on 1-9-1942, required previous permission of the Commissioner of Police. Such meetings are not public meetings, and, therefore, do not come within the scope of Order No. S.D.V./102 of the Bombay Government, which is prevalent in the city for the present. The meeting, therefore, protests against such illegal obstruction by the Police authorities, and urges upon Government to instruct the Department of Police not to interfere in meetings of this kind."

A legal Aid Sub-Committee with Mr. N. H. Pandia, the Vice-President as Chairman, was constituted to organise legal aid for people in distress.

ON THE AIR

FRIDAY, SEPT. 4

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Waheed Qawwal and party. 5-15 geets. 5-30 Sidheshwari Bai of Benares. 5-50 Cornet recital. 6 Lachhi Ram. 6-15 Ham aur ap. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-40 Abdush Shakur. 7-55 Filmi gane. 8-5 The changing map. 8-20 Abdush Shakur. 8-30 Waheed Qawwal and party. 8-45 Sidheshwari Bai. 8-55 Jawabi Hamla. 9-45 Musical interlude. 9-50 World affairs. 10-5 Symphony No. 4 in F minor Op. 36—Tchaikowsky.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Roshanara Begam. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Ahmed Dilawar. 8-25 Rahmat Khan of Dharwar. 8-40 Marathi duets. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Susheela Rani. 9-20 V. D. Joshi of Taloda.

12-30 Qawwalies. 12-45 News in Hindustani 12-50 News in Marathi. 12-55 News in Gujarati. 1 For different tastes. 1-50 News in English. 1-40 Lunch-hour music.

5 To-morrow. 5-5 Susheela Rani. 5-20 Instrumental duet. 5-30 V. D. Joshi. 5-45 S. N. Chapekar. 5-55 Local news and announcements. 6 Children's happy-hour (English.) 6-20 News in English. 6-40 News in Hindustani. 6-45 News commentary. 6-50 Ponnu Swami: 7 Our municipality. 7-15 Ahmed Dilawer. 7-30 Rahmat Khan. 7-45 News in Marathi. 7-55 News in Gujarati. 8-5 Roshanara Begam. 8-15 Thumri. 8-30 World affairs. 8-45 March of time. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Musical interlude. 9-50 Rahmat Khan. 10-10 Roshanara Begam.

Bombay II—Programme

49.3 metres (6,085 kc/s.)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Roshanara Begam. 8 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Bhairavin on violin. 9 Tarana. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,210 kc/s.)

12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

5 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 Air orchestra. 8 Abdul Karim Khan. 8-5 to 8-15 As in Bombay 1. 8-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4.880 kc/s)

8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 V. S. Gangolli. 9-15 Ahmed Dilawer. 9-30 Marek Weber and his orchestra. 9-40 Kaye grant. 10 Harmony trio.

GOVT. STRIKE AT ROOT OF HUR ORGANISATION

Muslim Soldiers Entrusted With Pulling Down Pir Pagaro's Kot

NEW DELHI, Sept. 3.

Communique:— Government has decided to exemplify its irrevocable determination to stamp out the Hur organisation by demolishing the place to which that organisation looks as its headquarters—the 'Kot' of the Pir Pagaro in Pir Jogoth.

The high walls of this fort-like structure with its elaborate interior arrangements and symbols of authority, which challenge that of Government, will be pulled down, but the Dargah and all religious buildings and religious ground within the enclosure will be scrupulously preserved equally from material damage and disrespect of any kind.

In order to make it evident to Muslims in Sind, India and elsewhere that Government has no intention to impair the religious eminence of Dargah, but only to destroy the secular power of the Pir Pagaro, the demolition work is being entrusted to Muslim soldiers mainly under command of Muslim officers.—A. P.

CELEBRATION OF BIRTHDAY OF KRISHNA

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Hindus celebrated to-day Janmashtami or Gokulashtami. This is the anniversary of the birthday of Shri Krishna the Divine Cowherd of Brindaban and the hero of a thousand and one exploits which are narrated at length in the Manabharata Bhagwat and Harivamsha.

A complete fast is observed by Vaishnavite Hindus on this day lasting till midnight, which marks the hour of the birth of Shri Krishna, who is worshipped with offerings of "Tulsi" leaves, lotus, and other flowers and fruits and the repetition aloud of the thousand names of the god.

In Bombay at several places lectures were given and Kirtans were sung in praise of the life of Shri Krishna.

Banks, public offices and commercial houses were closed for the day. The schools and colleges too were closed and the day passed off peacefully.

Processionists Dispersed

The "Govinda" processions which were a usual feature of Gokul Ashtami could not be taken out this year as the Police Commissioner's order banning processions and public gatherings of people issued last month were still in force. At some places groups of people believing that the order did not apply to religious processions, ventured into the streets, but were dispersed by the police.

At Kumbharwada, some people persisted in taking out a procession but the police dispersed it.

Prayers In City Houses Of Worship

A service largely attended by Christians of all denominations was held at St. Thomas Cathedral, Bombay, in commemoration of the third anniversary of the war on Thursday evening. The Governor of Bombay was present and the congregation had a fair proportion of women in service uniforms and men of all arms of the fighting forces.

Rev. Dr. J. McKenzie led the prayers. Dr. J. Mathai read the Lesson, the Bishop of Nasik delivered the sermon and the Blessing was administered by the Bishop of Bombay.

Bogus Patients Rifle Doctor's Dispensary

Three persons entered a doctor's dispensary at Grant Road at 11-30 a.m. on August 29 and represented they were patients. As the doctor had not arrived they elected to wait and were left alone in the dispensary, while the servant was cleaning the premises.

When the doctor arrived shortly afterwards, he found his dispensary rifled and the three "patients" missing with drugs comprising of ampoules of "Sol Septicine", "Camporian", "Neo Salvarsan" and "Bismouth Thydol" as well as tablets known as "M&B 693" and a box of hyperdermic needles.

Doctors are advised to warn their dispensary staff against these thieves and to inform the police immediately if they come to notice or any suspicious sale of the drugs mentioned is attempted.

Police Clash With Dacoits

LAHORE, Sept. 3.

A police constable and two dacoits were killed in an encounter between a police party and a gang of dacoits in a village near Ludhiana.

It is reported that a police party headed by a Deputy Superintendent of Police intercepted two dangerous outlaws in a sugarcane field. The police challenged the dacoits who replied with firing. In the exchange of shots which ensued both the dacoits and a police constable were killed while two other constables received gunshot wounds. Two rifles and a number of cartridges were recovered from the dacoits.—A. P.

Fined Rs. 300 For Profiteering In Sugar

(From Our Correspondent)
SHOLAPUR, Sept. 2.

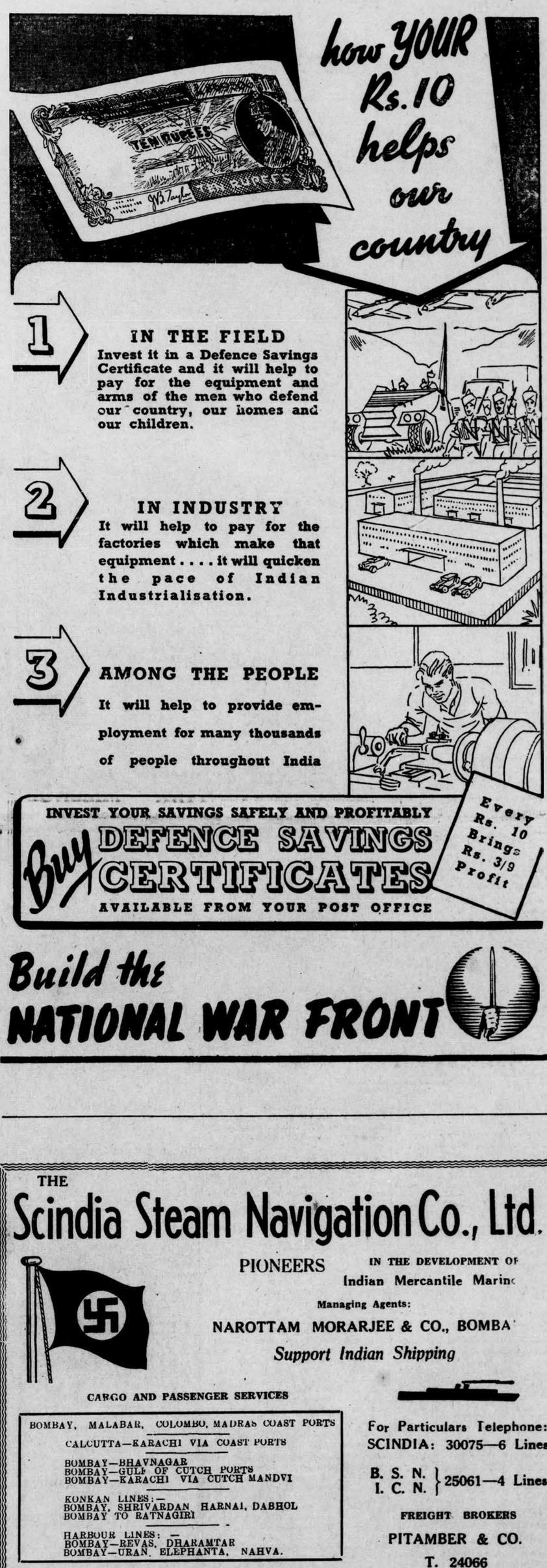
Mr. Maganlal Marvadi was fined Rs. 300 for selling sugar at a higher price than fixed by the Government under the Defence of India Rules.

Cost-Of-Living Index For August

During the month ended August 15, the working class cost of living index number for Bombay, with the average prices for the year ended June 1934 equal to 100, was 168—the same as in the preceding month. The index number for food articles declined by three points to 197.

In July, the working class cost of living index number for Ahmedabad, with the average prices for the year ended July 1927 equal to 100, was 117—six points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by six points to 114.

There were 5,419 Civic Guards on the roll in Bombay Province on August 1.


how YOUR Rs. 10 helps our country
TEN RUPEES
1
IN THE FIELD
Invest it in a Defence Savings Certificate and it will help to pay for the equipment and arms of the men who defend our country, our homes and our children.
2
IN INDUSTRY
It will help to pay for the factories which make that equipment . . . . it will quicken the pace of Indian Industrialisation.
3
AMONG THE PEOPLE
It will help to provide employment for many thousands of people throughout India
INVEST YOUR SAVINGS SAFELY AND PROFITABLY
Buy DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
AVAILABLE FROM YOUR POST OFFICE
Every Rs. 10 Brings Rs. 3/9 Profit
Build the NATIONAL WAR FRONT

THE

Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

PIONEERS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF Indian Mercantile Marine

Managing Agents:

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., BOMBAY

Support Indian Shipping

CARGO AND PASSENGER SERVICES

BOMBAY, MALABAR, COLOMBO, MADRAS COAST PORTS

CALCUTTA—KARACHI VIA COAST PORTS

BOMBAY—BHAVNAGAR
BOMBAY—GULF OF CUTCH PORTS
BOMBAY—KARACHI VIA CUTCH MANDVI

KONKAN LINES:—
BOMBAY, SHRIVARDAN HARNAI, DABHOL
BOMBAY TO RATNAGIRI

HARBOUR LINES:—
BOMBAY—REVAS, DHARAMTAR
BOMBAY—URAN, ELEPHANTA, NAHVA.

ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

THE BENGAL BURMA STEAM NAV CO. LTD.
THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAV & T. CO., LTD.
THE RATNAGAR STEAM NAV CO. LTD.
THE HAJ LINE LIMITED
THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
THE EASTERN STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

For Particulars Telephone:
SCINDIA: 30075—6 Lines
B. S. N. } 25061—4 Lines
I. C. N. }
FREIGHT BROKERS
PITAMBER & CO.
T. 24066
SCINDIA HOUSE,
Ballard Estate,
BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 22037
Post Box 322
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B 1055

The Bombay Chronicle

REPRESSION v. CONCILIATION

Appeals from far and near continue to be made to Government urging them to stop repression and try conciliation before it is too late. Mr. Baldev Sahay, who is reported to have just resigned the post of Advocate-General of Bihar, wonders why Government should persist in repression when the differences between them and the principal parties in the country and among the latter themselves are so small as to be quite adjustable. "It is really very surprising and mortifying," says Mr. Sahay, "that with so much of unanimity in the view-points of the principal political parties and the Government themselves, the door was banged against parleys and negotiations and acts done which precipitated this ruinous deadlock." Mr. W. Dobbie, a Labour Member of Parliament, is more plainspoken when he says that Britain cannot "expect India's willing co-operation in the war effort while her most trusted leaders are in prison." "The sooner we release them, the better," he adds, and considering the possibility of an invasion by Japan, every moment of delay in releasing the leaders is fraught with grave danger.

United Nations' *Guarantee*

However, mere releasing the leaders will not suffice. Mr. Dobbie himself insists: "To facilitate matters we must release the Congress leaders and help them to form an interim National Government." And, as Mr. Rajagopalachari has already pointed out, there need be no doubt about India accepting Mr. Dobbie's suggestion of a joint guarantee of India's independent status among free nations of the world by the Governments of America, Russia and China and their arbitration in all matters that remain to be settled on that basis. As we have said before, the differences between the various parties concerned are quite capable of being adjusted through friendly negotiations. But if at all any matters remain unsettled that way, arbitration is the best way out of the difficulty and Gandhiji and the Congress President have always recommended that method, except that India's independence itself cannot be a subject of arbitration.

The Only Way

As a matter of fact, the main difficulty now is not so much about the future Constitution as about the immediate changes. The Cripps scheme permitted no real changes in the present administration. It merely contemplated Indianisation of the Viceregal Council without its getting any real power. It is reported that the scheme is likely to be again presented to India. If that is so it will be again rejected by all the principal parties. The only way to redeem the present situation is to set up a genuine National Government working as a Cabinet, since only then can the people regard the war as their own and feel that they must make all possible sacrifices to preserve their hard-won freedom. This view is endorsed by all in India. Among the latest bodies to support it is the Joint Conference of prominent Indian industrial and commercial concerns held in Calcutta last week. Its resolution says, inter alia': "We submit that the only method of improving the existing situation is to change the atmosphere in the country. The people should be made to feel that it is their own Government, their own country for which they have to fight and sacrifice and die and that their prestige, honour, independence and very life are at stake." The All-India Muslim Chamber of Commerce and Industry also has urged upon Government "the need for a generous gesture by opening negotiations with the main political parties in India." To facilitate the negotiations desired by all the Committee of Seven appointed for the purpose by the Hindu Mahasabha has addressed letters to leaders of various parties urging them to present a united front on the basis of the immediate recognition of India's independent status and the immediate setting of a National Government representing all important political bodies in the country. We trust there will be a rousing response to the invitations. It is true, as the Committee's letter states, "the real question is whether the British Government is willing to part with power" and "unless His Majesty's Government is ready to transfer power to Indian hands, the present deadlock is bound to continue and there is no chance of any satisfactory interim arrangement during the war." But if there is a sufficient measure of unity behind the national demand, it is bound to be irresistible. It will bring home to Government that conciliation and not repression is the only way to retrieve their many egregious blunders.

After Three Years

The British Commonwealth —and, along with it, the part that gives it the name of Empire— is now in the fourth year of the war which Hitler launched with his attack on Poland, an attack which the British appeasers could not swallow as they had done the rape of Czecho-Slovakia. The advent of the fourth year gives rise to mixed feelings of deep regret regarding the past, grave anxiety about the present and hopes for the future. The first phase of the war was one of grievous tragedies, the outcome of the policy and utter ineptitude of those who are, however, either dead or out of power. The second phase, beginning with the collapse of France was the phase of British heroism which presents few parallels in history. Britain stood and fought the Battles of Britain and the Atlantic alone and so well that the Fuhrer turned east. The fourth phase marked by the titanic Russo-German clash gave Britain the opportunity not only to recover but also to prepare, while occasionally receiving blows. This process, incidentally, began powerfully to be assisted by the United States.

So that the third year of the Anglo-German war held out promise of good achievements. And yet it is this third of year of war in which big tragedies, rendered all the more grave because they were unexpected and avoidable, have happened. And they are not so much a credit to the enemies as the responsibility of the British War Cabinet, the British Government and those allegedly infallible and divine beings, the men on the spot. During this year the war in north Africa has been a tale of defeats when it should emphatically have been one of victories. Worse still, it was in this year that, according to Mr. Churchill himself, Britain suffered in Asia the biggest defeats in her military history. This was not due, we repeat, to any set of mythical, legendary qualities in the Japanese. It was due to the inefficiency and complacency of British authorities and the general spirit underlying Imperialist rulership. By the way, this spirit which should have been buried in the rubber plantations of Malaya or sunk with the floating dock at Singapore or gone up in the smoke of Burma oil fields, is by no means dead yet as the unfortunate situation in India shows.

What, in consequence of all this, is the position at the end of the third year of war? Japan came up triumphantly to the very gates of India and it is the monsoon that has saved this country so far. The danger, as we said yesterday, still exists. On the other side, Marshal Rommel is threatening Egypt and Suez, while Russia is fighting the grimmest battles yet for her life, in the Caucasus and on the banks of the Volga. Mr. Oliver Lyttleton spoke the simple truth when he said that the present was the most critical period in the war of the United Nations against the Axis. If the disaster that is overshadowing Russia is not checked now and immediately, one shudders to contemplate the resultant catastrophe. The present is full of the gravest possible anxiety. But if the disaster is checked, and checked we believe it can be, the future need not be gloomy at all. The situation in the Pacific is improving to a certain extent and the danger to India is, at least, not so certain now. If the Russian situation is stabilised and Rommel rebuffed, the United Nations can achieve a great deal in the next few months. For, in every sphere of war effort, the United Nations are rapidly establishing superiority over the Axis. But it is the present that must be saved first.

Frankly Speaking

Whose Surprise?

Was Milne Bay intended by the Japanese, too, as a strategical surprise? They landed smoothly enough but found themselves in a trap and fled, leaving, however, some detachments which, guerilla-like, are keeping the Australians busy. Meanwhile they have struck at Kokoda with an unexpected force and are continually increasing the strength and intensity of their attack. This development makes their Milne Bay adventure look dangerously like a planned diversion. Whatever it is, the position at Kokoda has deteriorated for General MacArthur and unless the Japanese are checked, their passage through the Owen Stanley Mountains pass will open wide the road to Port Moresby only sixty miles away. The potential gravity of the Kokoda thrust is thus obvious. Let us hope, however, that General MacArthur has not been taken by surprise and is able to retrieve the situation assisted by his air superiority. This is an extremely useful advantage.

The Next Viceroy

The report goes that an announcement regarding the Viceroyalty is likely to be made before the end of the month and that the successor may be either Sir John Anderson or Mr. R. A. Butler. India is not now excited by such reports as she used to be. The next Viceroy will have to act, much sooner than may now be expected, as a constitutional ruler, guided by the advice of the Indian Cabinet. So one does not much care which particular person plays this role. What is far more important is who are to be the Ministers and to whom they are really responsible. It is clear they should all be Indians and responsible to the people. But we do not see why the Viceroy and the Governors must still be non-Indians as a rule. However, after all, we are discussing a transitional period. And one cannot be certain what relations free India would like to have with Britain. So much depends upon Britain as well as on India.

The New Standard Time

It is interesting to learn that the Government of Madras have decided to advance their office hours by 30 minutes. Thus, in the words of the "Mail", the Government "frustrate to the extent of 50 per cent. the object of the Government of India" which was "to ensure the continuance of sufficient daylight in the eastern Provinces." Evidently, the Madras Government do not accept the Government of India's view. It is more difficult for a western Province like Bombay to adjust itself to the new standard time. And in Bombay city the difference between the local or what may be called the natural time and the new time is as much as one hour and 39 minutes. The Municipal Corporation, therefore, has had no difficulty in deciding not to adopt the new time.

The New Time

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—If to be abreast of the times is an excellent point, to be in advance of time is great progress indeed! And, if this progress could be achieved by one stroke of a finger on the clock, 'tis a consummation devoutly to be wished.

About forty years ago we took the first step in this direction. In a minute we progressed from Bombay to Mirzapur near Benares. The fastest aeroplane would have envied us had there been aeroplanes then. Now we have taken a second step: in less than a minute we have advanced from Mirzapur to Moulmain in Burma. On the night of the 31st we inhaled at 12 midnight, and exhaled the same breath at 1 a.m. Few yogis could perform this feat of breath control and they might have had to practise years before being able to do it. But we did it without the least practice, without the least effort, in fact, we did it in our sleep.

We fear we may have a clash of three timings: The Bombay Time in vogue at the Corporation, The Indian Standard Time in use at other places, and the New Time. Such a clash is best evaded. When unity and compromise are best at all times, and essential in war time, we shall do well to have a compromise in the three timings; and, to do equal justice to all, we had best give them equal representation, and order of priority.

The majority of offices work from 10 to 5. Now, out of respect for the great patriot Sir Phirozshah Mehta, the staunchest advocate of Bombay Time, we shall observe Bombay Time when going to office. Not to disturb the lunch hour we have been accustomed to for forty years we shall go to lunch at 1 p.m. Standard Time Now remains the office closing time to which we shall allot the New Time.—Yours etc.,

S. P. KULKARNI.
Bombay 19.

WAVELL'S BROADCAST

Turn In Tide Of Axis Victories

"ALLIES BEGIN FOURTH YEAR OF THIS WAR WITH MUCH BETTER PROSPECTS THAN THEY DID FOURTH YEAR OF LAST WAR"

NEW DELHI, Sept. 3.

"Taking it all round, we begin the fourth year of this war with much better prospects than we did the fourth year of the last war", declared General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief in a broadcast tonight.

His Excellency said:—

It is three years to-day since we took up Germany's challenge —her challenge to Europe, to the world, to Democracy, to Liberty, Truth and Decency. We had gone to the utmost limit in concession to avoid war; and both our honour and safety required that we should "appease" no longer. To "appease" is defined in the dictionary as "to sooth or to satisfy", we realised that Hitler was as likely to be soothed as a tiger, as likely to be satisfied as a crocodile, which requires corpses to appease its insatiable hunger.

BRITAIN'S SACRIFICES

We had no illusions as to our unpreparedness, no illusions as to the danger of our task, no illusions as to the losses we should incur in lives, in money, in comfort. We put ease behind us to fight for freedom, we gave up our wealth to defend justice, we risked all in order that truth and kindliness might prevail on the earth. We thus saved our souls from an ignoble softness which was beginning to spread over us. Let us not forget then, that with no hope of gain, with no thought of glory, with knowledge of all the suffering we should undergo, we never hesitated in our choice three years ago to resist German domination and tyranny.

The way has been harder, the trials greater even than we had supposed. At the moment, we are passing through a depressing and disappointing period, and are almost in danger of forgetting that we have already met and endured much darker and more difficult hours.

TRIBUTE TO RUSSIA

I have, as you know, recently returned from participating in momentous conferences in Cairo and Moscow. I can assure you that those conferences were permeated with no feeling whatever of depression but with inspiring confidence and courage. The morale and fighting spirit of our forces in the Middle East, where practically all the United Nations are represented, is undiminished despite their setbacks of June; and their offensive power is making a rapid recovery. At Moscow, two great leaders met for the first time, established cordial relations and imparted to one another the inflexible will of themselves and their peoples to fight on together in close co-operation. I have known and admired the Russian nation and Russian soldier for more than 30 years; their hardihood and courage is the same now as ever. They will not give way.

IN AUTUMN OF 1917

It is of some interest and of some comfort on this anniversary to look back on the corresponding period of last war, the autumn of 1917. Then, our great Russian Ally had collapsed after revolution; a large part of the French Army had mutinied after the disastrous defeat of Nivelles offensive and was only just beginning to recover; while the British Army, in order to take the weight off her Allies, was engaged in the bloody and profitless struggle of Passchendaele. Our Italian Allies were shortly to suffer disaster at Caporetto and to require rescue; the enemy submarine campaign was at its height and the sinkings heavier than to-day. The United States had declared war in April but their army took many months to become effective, and their munitions programme had never reached even by the end of the war the stage it has reached now. The outlook for 1918 was gloomy indeed, for all the German forces freed from the Russian front were crossing Europe for a grand attack on the Western Front in the Spring. And yet before 1918 was out, our enemies everywhere were suing for peace.

To-day, our Russian Allies, their "banner torn but flying," are still very much in the fighting line and have no intention whatever of leaving it, they are striking back with vigour and success; the Germans instead of ourselves have to carry the Italians; and the United States have not only their vast munitions production in full swing but great and increasing numbers of their troops in full battle. Taking it all round, we begin the fourth year of this war with much better prospects than we did at fourth year of the last war.

GUARANTEE OF VICTORY

There are always those in war who are inclined to see and to dwell on our own failures and disappointments and to magnify the enemy's strength and success. It is better instead to reckon up our assets and to look at our foe's difficulties. Our assets are impressive indeed. The four mightiest assemblies of peoples in the world—the British Empire, the United States of America, the Union of Soviet Republics of Russia, the great and ancient civilisation of China—all these are on our side and the aid and sympathy of many others—of Poland, of Greece, of Czecho-Slovakia, of Belgium, of Holland, of Norway, of most of France, of the nations of South America. We have great leaders, Churchill, Roosevelt, Stalin, Chiang Kai-shek, men of unquenchable courage who will represent the spirit of the peoples they lead. The rising flow of munitions of all kinds, especially of ships, aeroplanes and tanks, is a sure guarantee of victory. And we have the stimulus of the great ideals for which we are fighting.

HITLER'S 'DUPES'

Consider now our enemies. The supreme German effort which we all anticipated has been made, has had some success, is now beginning to falter. Despite all their conquests they can find no peace, no nation willing to surrender to their lying promises or dire threats. Only their Rumanian and Hungarian dupes follow at their heels—cowed dogs who snarl at each other when their masters are not looking. The advantage the enemy held from their short interior line of communications is disappearing as their columns begin to stretch out to the border of Asia. The tide of hatred against the Germans in Europe continues to mount; as do their irreplaceable losses of men and material, while the Allies have still large reserves of both intact, the savage execution of innocent hostages in increasing numbers is a measure of the German army's growing fear of the future. Their leader Hitler is being recognised as the tin-horn gambler whose run of luck is passing. The shape of things to come is taking on an ever grimmer aspect for the German people; their hearts are sinking into their empty stomachs soon they will sink still lower into their boots. As for the Italians, they know they lost the war long ago, their only uncertainty is whether they have lost it to the Germans or to the Allies.

JAPAN'S TIDE TURNS

For Japan also the tide has turned, the run of quick and easy success that carefully planned treachery gave her is over. Both her fleet and her air force are beginning to melt, and her dreams of prosperity at the expense of the rest of Asia are vanishing.

Make no mistake though; these writings on the wall for our enemies do not yet justify any complacency on our part in mind or action. We must continue to give our undivided attention, our full sacrifice of body and mind to the task in hand.

WHERE DOES INDIA STAND?

Where does India stand with reference to this world war? The danger to her homes is closer than it has been for more than 150 years; but her armies and air forces are stronger and better equipped than ever before, her industrial progress in the making of munitions has been astonishing, and the military renown of her soldiers never stood higher.

To-day, thousands of young Indian officers and over a million men have joined up to support India's magnificent pre-war army, which has already played so great a part in the land struggle. The Indian Navy and Air Force are growing in numbers, in equipment, in skill, in reputation.

The men who broke the Italian line at Sidi Barrani and drove them into headlong rout, the men who stormed the heights of Keren and Amba Alagi, the men who captured Damascus in face of great odds, the men who fought the rear-guard actions of Malaya and Burma, the men who stood and stand dauntless against Rommel's Germans, the men who now protect India on all fronts from her foes, the men who fight as comrades side by side, whatever their caste and creed—these are the defenders of India in her hour of danger. Rajputs, Mahrattas and Madrassis; the great fighting races of the Punjab; Pathans from the Frontier; Jats and Garwalls; and many others—men of the north, men of the centre, men of the south, from the whole countryside of India, they fight, together with the sturdy Gurkhas of our Ally Nepal, alongside British and Allied troops.

INDIA'S TRUE REPRESENTATIVES'

These are the true representatives of India's nationhood. The eyes of the world are on India, it is her great trial and great opportunity. It is not politicians, intent on domestic issues and quarrels, it is not undisciplined schoolboys, it is certainly not irresponsible mischief-makers and gangs of ignorant hooligans, but the disciplined might of her fighting men that is saving and will save India. They must be helped and not betrayed.

Lift up your hearts then, and trust in your fighting men. As their representatives, I proclaim to you my admiration for them, my pride in them, and my trust in them. By their valour you shall conquer.—A. P.

TO SUSPEND OR NOT TO SUSPEND

EDITOR: To be, or not to be—to suspend or to carry on—
That is the Question.
Whether it is nobler for the press to suffer
The slings and arrows of outrageous censorship
Or to ignore press advising, and the sea of troubles to follow.
And by ignoring end all?"—to die —to suspend,—
No more: and by suspension to say we end
The head-ache, the irritations and sleepless nights
That Editors are heir to—'Tis a consummation
Devoutly to be wished. To die—to suspend—
To suspend—perchance to take a holiday,—ay there's the rub
For in that holiday what bills may come,
Must give us pause: There's the secret
That makes Editors carry their burdens,
For who would bear the Ordinances and press notes,
The Deputy Commissioner's threats, the Home Member's contumely,
The pangs of mutilation, the censor's delay,
The insolence of press laws, when By publishing a few lines an Editor can his quietus make.
Who would fardels bear and stand impertinence,
Spend wakeful nights and sweat all day,
But that the dread of bill collectors
And no estimate of his bills,
Makes cowards of most working Editors,
And thus the native hue of resolution,
Is siklied o'er with the pale cast of compromise,
And decisions of great pith and moment,
In the Standing Committee, with this regard,
Their currents turn awry,
And lose the name of action—Soft you now!....(Enter S.P.A.)
The tall Mr. Kirchner—Giant of press advising
Be all my sins forgotten!....
—"NATIONAL CALL."

BR. WAR OFFICE REVIEW

LONDN, Sept. 3.

The past year in Britain has been marked by a steady transition from defensive to offensive preparations, states the War Office in a review of the third year of the war.

Organisation, equipment and training of Britain's land forces have been conditioned throughout by concentration on a new objective—conversion of British Isles into a base for joint Anglo-American operation against the Axis in the west.

The army as a whole has been progressively prepared for offensive action over sustained periods in conditions of severe physical hardships.

Embarkation drill, use of tank landing craft and beach attacks by crews of assault boats were practised aiding the coasts. Special service contingents and air-borne formations continued to grow in strength.

The Home Guard training was notably extended and improved.

A detailed survey of the Libyan campaign shows after the Axis retirement last December—only saved from becoming a rout by exhaustion of our troops—an earlier counter-attack by Rommel would have achieved "real victory."

Our columns were bogged for days on end, heavy tanks were in the rear and petrol supplies short.

In Malta the army has been helping the R.A.F. in repairing runways, servicing fighters, filling belts, bombing up and filling petrol tanks.

The report adds from September. 1941 to June, 1942 nearly 14,000 tons of bombs were dropped on Malta, maximum in one day being 500 tons. Once anti-aircraft guns were manned continuously for 66 hours.

All British newspapers to-day in lengthy editorials on the third anniversary of the declaration of war by Britain, express faith in ultimate victory while admitting that the path may be stony and hard.

Most writers stress the need for closer co-operation between military leadership of the United Nations in the more energetic prosecution of the war.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The Government of Bombay have decided to appoint Mr. N. P. Engineer as Advocate-General vice Mr. Motilal C. Setalvad, resigned.
The Government of Bombay have decided to appoint Mr. B. G. Rao as Government Pleader vice Mr. R. A. Jahagirdar, resigned.
—Press report.

* * *

Our New Delhi correspondent reports rumours about Sir John Anderson being the likely successor to Lord Linlithgow.

In wartime continuity of policy and plans is essential.

* * *

In a message to the Iraq Premier, General Nuri el Said, Mr. Churchill says: "The defence of Iraq is a matter of vital concern to the Allies."

The General must thankfully realise that, despite this tremendous fact, he and his colleagues are not called upon to give their all in running canteens and entertainment shows for their troops.

* * *

In a war anniversary message to Mr. Churchill, Marshal Chiang Kai-shek assures the British Premier that China is neither willing to stop fighting nor will she do so till the last of the aggressors gives up his arms.

Does it by any chance imply a hint that the British should now start fighting against the last of the aggressors, Japan?

* * *

According to a Chungking message, Kinhwa, the most important "bomt Tokio" town, is about to fall to the Chinese.

So what?

* * *

The U.S. Under-Secretary for War has declared that American planes will make an attempt to bring Germany to her knees by concentrated use of air power.

The year after 1942, when this consummation will materialise is, of course, a strict military secret.

* * *

Wednesday's Pacific War Council at Washington "paid special attention to the possibility of a Japanese attack on Siberia."

This "special attention" is quite timely too, as an alternative gesture to an Anglo-American attack on western Europe.

* * *

The Red Air Force is reported to have again raided East Prussia and German occupied Poland.

We must strongly deprecate such insistent rashness on the part of the Russians. They must pay due and full regard to the dangers and difficulties of the weather.

* * *

For the second night in succession the R.A.F. were over Germany on Thursday night.

This is most surprising. What exactly is happening?

* * *

Wednesday's Italian communique reports R.A.F. raids on Sicily.

Signor Mussolini will doubtless complain to Herr Hitler against the British.

* * *

Teacher: "There's no difficulty in the world that cannot be overcome."

Pupil: "Have you ever tried squeezing toothpaste back into the tube?"

U. S. Labour Wants No Czar

Congress Of Industrial Organisations Tells White House

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

The Congress of Industrial Organisations—claiming a membership of five million—has sent a resolution to the White House expressing opposition to the making of "any Czar or supreme dictator to regulate the economic affairs of the nation."—Reuter.

I. R. A. MEMBERS ROUNDED UP

Sequel To Police Raids In West Belfast

BELFAST, Sept. 3.

The Belfast police made a number of raids late last night and in the early hours of this morning and rounded up a large number of I. R. A. suspects, who have been detained writes Reuter's special correspondent. The raids are a sequel to the big seizure of arms and ammunition near the city earlier in the week.

The chief raiding was done in West Belfast, which is occupied chiefly by Nationalist Republicans. The police made swoops in lorries and in many cases the men detained were asleep in their beds when the police entered their homes. Four of the thirteen persons taken into custody at a farm where an I. R. A. arsenal was discovered on Monday have been released.

The number of people taken in this morning's raid at Belfast is 46. The police raid was the most successful ever carried out.—Reuter.

AXIS POSES AS YOUTH'S 'CHAMPION'

ROOSEVELT UNMASKS RADIO PROPAGANDA IN ADDRESS TO INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS' ASSEMBLY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

The bitterness of the German radio was the opening theme of President Roosevelt's address this afternoon to the International Students Assembly. "It may interest members of this assemoly that during the past week the Axis radio has given unusual comment to your sessions and to the speech which you are hearing at this moment.

Our listening stations have picked up an increasing volume of Axis broadcasts, including the controlled stations in France, Hungary, the Netherlands and elsewhere referring to this meeting of the younger generation of all United Nations in terms of growing hate and, of course, of complete falsehood. Our listening stations report that they expect at this moment that the air in real Axis dominated nations will be "thoroughly jammed—blacked out—in order that no sound of what I am saying either in English or in translation will be heard by any restless young people who are under Hitler's heel.

PARIS YOUTH

The Nazi radio of Paris, for example, tells the youth of France that: 'Roosevelt is not qualified to address a message to the youth of the world because America is a nation that has done nothing to the youth.' Berlin reports that four French youth organisations have protested in advance against this speech, since Roosevelt must be blamed for the death of more than a 100,000 young Frenchmen. Incidentally it would be interesting to know how many real Frenchmen there are in this so-called French youth organisations.

The radio in Tokyo says that I admitting to you at this moment that my people are decadent—weaklings and playboys—spoiled by 'jazz' music and Hollywood pictures.

Of course, this broadcast did not originate from men who bumped into our playboys in the South-West Pacific area.

AXIS FEAR

The reason for this hysterically defensive attitude towards this gathering is not hard to find. For many years they have made their hypocritical appeal to youth—they have tried with all their blatant publicity to represent themselves as champions of youth. But now the world knows that Nazis, Fascists and Militarists of Japan have nothing to offer youth except death. On the other hand the cause of the United Nations is the cause of youth itself. It is the hope of the new generation and of the generations that are to come, the hope for a new life that can be lived in freedom, justice and decency.

This fact is becoming clearer every day to the young people of Europe where the Nazis are trying to create youth organisations built on the Nazi pattern. It is not a pattern devised by the youth for the youth. It is a pattern devised by Hitler and imposed upon youth by form of mental forcible feeding—that of false facts, distortions and prohibitions all backed up by the guns of the 'Gestapo.'

FALSE PROMISES

If you have any doubt as to what the decent youth of Europe think about the false promises the Axis masters make to the young people of the world, look to the brave young men of France and all the occupied countries who prefer to face firing squads rather than a lifetime of slavery and degradation under Hitler.

In such unfortunate countries as Finland, Hungary, Bulgaria, Rumania and Italy whose Governments have found it necessary to submit to Hitler and do his bidding Quislings have organised youth movements too, but these are only movements of youth by tens of thousands to the slaughter on the eastern front where the Nazis need cannon fodder in their desperate attempts to shatter the stalwart Russian army.

CHINA LEADS

In China the heroic youth has stood steadfast for more than five years against all Japanese attempts to seduce and disarm them with such transparent lies as the promise of Asia for Asiatics. The Chinese know that this is only the means by which all creation is enslaved by the Japanese. We exalt in the thought that it is the young—free men and women of the United Nations—who will hold and shape the new world.

PLACE OF YOUTH

Delegates to this International Student Assembly represent 29 United Nations. They also represent the spirit at least of the younger generation of many other nations who, though they are not now actively at war on our side, are with us heart and soul in the aspiration for a secure and peaceful world. Before the first world war very few people in any country believed that youth had a right to speak for itself as a group or to participate in the Councils of the State. We have learned much since then. We know that wisdom does not necessarily come with years; that old men may be foolish and young may be wise. But in every war it is the younger generation which bears the burden of combat and inherits all the ills war leaves in its wake.—

"THEY SNEER AT OUR"

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

What I am saying here in Washington is being heard by several million American soldiers, sailors and marines not only within the United States but in far distant points. To them I should like to deliver a special message from their Commander-in-Chief and from the very hearts of their country-men. You know that the road which has led you to Solomon Island or the Red Sea or the coast of France is in fact an extension of the main street and when you fight anywhere along that road you are fighting in defence of your own homes.

We were at home are supremely conscious of our obligations to you now and in the future. We will not let you down. There are still a handful of men and women in the United States and elsewhere who mock and sneer at our 'four freedoms' and Atlantic Charter. They are few in number but some of them have financial power and give our enemies the false impressions that they have a large following. These puny people decry our determination. And the words of these little men of little faith are quoted with gleeful approval.

RECAPTURE OF LUPAO

CHUNGKING, Sept. 3.

The Chinese have recaptured Lupao to the north-west of Canton.

A Chinese column was reported earlier to have got within 16 miles of Canton in its advance across Kwangtung Province.

Japs Troop Move South

A large number of Japanese transports carrying five divisions, including a strong mechanised force, passed Tongking Gulf in the middle of August 'en route' for Singapore, declared a Chinese military spokesman at this afternoon's press conference. They were probably heading for the South-west Pacific.

Allied Raids

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN THE SOUTH-WEST PACIFIC:—The 'communique' issued on Thursday says:

"NORTH-WESTERN SECTOR:—Limited reconnaissance only.

LAE:—Allied medium bombers effectively attacked enemy aerodrome installations. All bombs fell in the target area. There was no interception.

KOKODA:—Our fighters and attack bombers executed four bombing and strafing raids against enemy positions and lines of communication. There was no ground fighting.

BUKA (SOLOMONS):—In a night attack Allied aircraft heavily bombed aerodrome and runway installations. Five tons of bombs fell in the target area. An enemy destroyer was also attacked with unknown results.

MILNE BAY:—Our forces continue to round up isolated enemy detachments in the jungle.—

MUTINY IN DACCA JAIL

29 Killed And 136 Injured

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

29 criminals and one jail warder were killed and over 136 including some jail staff, were injured in the disturbance in Dacca jail on August 31, according to a "communique" issued by the Government of Bengal this evening.

The 'communique' states:—

"The following details have been ascertained as regards the recent disturbance in Dacca jail:—

On Monday, the 31st August, a number of Goonda security prisoners, i.e., habitual or professional criminals, transferred to this jail from Calcutta, mutinied and refused to work. The jail staff were assaulted when they endeavoured to ascertain what, if any, grievance the prisoners had, and so threatening and violent was their behaviour that it proved impossible to restore order without opening fire. Casualties amongst the prisoners are exclusively among the Goondas, many of whom come from other provinces, and as so far ascertained amount to 29 killed, four in a precarious condition and 132 suffering from injuries necessitating detention in hospital it has not yet been determined how many of these casualties were due to the firing. Of the 29 killed, 20 are Muslims, 8 Hindus and 1 Christian.

One warder was also killed and there were a number of other casualties among the jail staff not yet determined."—A.P.

Three Years' R. I. For Setting Fire To Portable Letter-Box

KARACHI, Sept. 2.

A sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment was awarded to one Ramsingh under the Defence of India Rules by the City Magistrate to-day on a charge of setting fire to a portable letter-box.

Three persons were arrested yesterday for distributing Congress bulletins while a fourth was arrested while addressing a public meeting.

This morning the Police detained some persons who took out "Prabhat Pheries."—A. P.

Strange Measures To Keep Order

(Continued from Page 1)

Muratjha, Havildar Shyamlal Singh, and the Sub-Divisional Officer's orderly at Madhuban Bazar in Sitamarhi Sub-Division.—United Press.

COLLECTIVE FINE ON SIX VILLAGES

PATNA, Sept. 3.

A collective fine of rupees one lakh has been imposed on six villages in Mokhama police station jurisdiction in Patna District, according to a Bihar Government Gazette Extraordinary published to-day.

The notification announcing the fine states, 'inter alia' that the inhabitants of those villages are concerned in or are abetting commission of offences prejudicially affecting public safety, maintenance of public order or maintenance of supplies or service necessary to the life of the community.—A.P.

SITUATION IN C. P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 3.

A Press 'communique' issued by the C.P Government to-day states:

Since the last 'communique' of August 29, there has been no incident in the districts of the Province. Two combined columns of troops and police, one in the charge of Mr. A. H. Lagard, I.C.S. C.I.C., and the other in the charge of Rai Bahadur S. Sanyal, District Magistrate, are now touring through a number of districts, Nagpur, Berar and Chattisgarh divisions.

Orders are under issue imposing collective fines for acts of arson and sabotage on the inhabitants of eleven villages in Morsi, three in Ellichpur and one in Amraoti taluks. Proposals for Nagpur and Wardha districts are under the consideration of the Government.

Realisation up to August 30 of the collective fines imposed on Chimur and the surrounding villages amount to Rs. 69,620.

TIP-AND-RUN TACTICS

Occasional acts of hooliganism of the tip-and-run variety still occur in Nagpur city. Two or three minor processions daily consisting of thirty to fifty Congress sympathisers and spectators have been dispersed without resistance during the last two or three days.

Attempts to picket educational institutions have not been abandoned, but the attendance has now improved, the average being about 50 per cent in all the colleges.

Disorderly students attempting to interfere with others in the compound of the Hislop College were ejected by the police yesterday.

POLICE RAIDS

Successful raids in Nagpur city of leaflet-producing places resulted in the seizure of several cyclostyle machines and the arrests of operators actually engaged in reproducing the so-called Congress bulletins and other offensive leaflets. For the first time since the commencement of the disturbances, no bulletins and leaflets were distributed in the city yesterday.

Reports have been received from the districts of increasing amount of co-operation from all sections of the population, and of the measures undertaken by the district offices to deal with any manifestation or recrudescence of hooliganism.—United Press.

AKOLA D. S. P. ANNOUNCE REWARDS.

AKOLA, Sept. 3.

The District Superintendent of Police has made the following proclamation.

On August 21 an attempt was made to derail the Calcutta Mail by fixing a steel bracket to the outer rail of the Up track at mile No. 364 between poles No. 19 and 20, about two miles from the Akola Railway station. Any person giving information leading to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons responsible for this attempted sabotage will be paid a reward of Rs. 500.—United Press.

STRANGE U. P. 'FIAT'

LUCKNOW, Sept. 3.

Mr. Lewy-Lloyd, District Magistrate, has issued an order directing all male persons between the ages of 16 and 50 who inhabit villages through the land of which railway, telephone or telegraph wires or metalled roads pass, or of which any inhabited site is within one mile of any such railway, telephone or telegraph wires or road, to assist in the protection of such railway or road in the manner directed by the magistrates subordinate to Mr. Lewy-Lloyd in charge of such areas for a period of two months.

The order further directs that all male persons between the ages of 16 and 50 who inhabit villages any inhabited site of which is within three miles of any tahsil headquarters or any police station or any other Government property in a municipality or notified area, shall for a like period and in a like manner assist in the protection of such tahsil headquarters, police station or other Government property.—A. P.

Income-Tax Office Records Burnt

SYLHET, Sept. 1. (Delayed).

There was some disturbance at Sylhet town yesterday. Some people entered the Income-tax office and the office of the Executive Engineer and set fire to some of the records. An attempt was also made to raid the post office.

There was picketing before the courts, educational institutions and the post office yesterday and one student was arrested by the police. Some of the schools have been closed for a week. Elaborate police arrangement has been made to bring the situation under control and there has been no trouble to-day.—A.P.

Arrests In Dehra Dun

DEHRA DUN, August 31.

The following Press Note has been issued:—

"About 30 students were arrested to-day (August, 31st) either for picketing educational institutions, or for defying the Order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. in Karanpur and Paltan Bazar. There was partial hartal to-day and yesterday in the Bazar. In the ordinary course, all the cloth merchants' shops would have remained closed yesterday, since it was the last Sunday of the month. In the morning, yesterday, the authorities had taken precautions to disallow a breach of Section 144 Cr. P. C., since a flag hoisting ceremony had been proclaimed for that day. An attempt was made to take possession of the ground, and the attempt was defeated by the arrest of three boys and a girl. The crowd thereafter dispersed. After the crowd had been disbanned, they wandered away in the form of a procession. At the Kotwali the procession broke up after three or four processionists had been arrested.

In the evening, yesterday, a group of five women carrying a tricolour marched towards the Bazar and made their way into the Kotwali. The women and the girl returned to their home that evening. Applications for the release of some of the arrested boys backed by written guarantees of their good behaviour are under consideration of the District authorities."—A. P.

M.L.A. ARRESTED.

LAHORE, Sept. 3.

Seth Sudarshan, M.L.A., (Congress) was arrested in Lahore this afternoon for detention under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

12 More Arrests In Ashti Village

WARDHAGANJ, Sept. 3.

Twelve more were arrested in Ashti village for arson and police murders last fortnight.

Two ladies from Nalwadi and three from Rashtrabashi Prachar colony were arrested for defying the order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. in Wardha.—A.P.

A. I. C. C. Member Arrested

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 2.

The only member of the A.I.C.C. from Jubbulpore, who had not been arrested since his return from the Bombay meeting, was arrested here this morning at his residence under the Defence Rules and interned in jail.—A. P.

MADRAS CONGRESS MUNICIPAL PARTY'S DECISION

MADRAS, Sept. 3.

The Congress Party in the Madras Municipal Corporation has decided not to attend meetings of the Corporation in future. However, to void forfeiture of membership, they will attend a meeting once in three months to register attendance.—A.P.

Ex-Parliamentary Secretary Jailed

GUDIVADA, Sept. 3.

Mr. B. S. Murthy, ex-Parliamentary Secretary, was convicted and sentenced by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Gudivada, to one year's R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 100, in default to further two months' imprisonment.

Seven other persons, including a woman, were also sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment for offences under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

All Quiet In Bombay Province

BOMBAY, Sept. 3.

The situation in Bombay Province to-day is quiet, says a Press Note.—A. P.

DEATH OR WHIPPING

SHILLONG, Sept. 1.

Mr. H. G. Dennehy, I.C.S., Chief Secretary to the Government of Assam has issued the following 'communique':—

It is notified for general information that Section 5 of the Penalties (Enhancement) Ordinance, 1942, which among others is in force in Assam, renders liable to the punishments of death or whipping any defence against the provisions of Rule 35 of the Defence of India Rules. A case of damage to telegraph lines and posts has occurred in Assam and Government desire it to be most widely known that the rigour of the law will be enforced against any person who commits such an offence.

Where the inhabitants of any area are concerned in or abet the commission of an offence prejudicially affecting the defence of India, the public safety, the maintenance of public order, or the maintenance of supplies or services necessary to the life of the community, Government may, under the Collective Fines Ordinance, 1942, impose a collective fine on the inhabitants of that area. Interference with the system of communications seriously prejudices, among other things, the maintenance of supplies, and Government will have no hesitation in using their powers for the protection of the peaceful public against such acts. They rely upon the inhabitants of areas through which communications run both in their loyalty to the preservation of the peace and in their own interests, to check hooliganism of this kind and to bring the offenders to book. The prevention of such mischief is a matter in which village defence parties will find profitable scope for their activities.—A.P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 2.

Mr. Ramgopal Maheswari, Editor of the leading Hindi Daily, "Navbharat" who was arrested recently was released to-day.—Orient Press.

Mills Reopen In Coimbatore

Ahmedabad Labour Demands Bonus: Bihar Governor And Jamshedpur

MADRAS, Sept. 3.

All the mills in the Coimbatore district have resumed work, according to a press note issued by the Government of Madras this afternoon.

TODDY SHOP BURNT DOWN.

On the 31st, says the Press Note, toddy shop in Tinneveily district was burnt down. On September 1 some persons picketing a salt factory in East Godavari district were dispersed by a Lathi charge.

Otherwise the situation is quiet in the presidency.—A. P.

Madras Mill Workers' Plea Disallowed

Mr. F. R. Brislee, Commissioner of Labour and Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation passed order yesterday afternoon disallowing the "group" applications, preferred before him by the Madras Labour Union, on behalf of 1091 workers of Buckingham and Carnatic mills for wages alleged to be due to them, by the authorities of the mills for a certain period in February this year.—A. P.

Mill Workers Demand Bonus

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 3.

Workers assembled peacefully in front of five mills, which have been closed, demanding bonus.

Two fruitless attempts at arson were made. Otherwise the situation remained quiet in the city and the district to-day.—A. P.

Jamshedpur Steel Workers

PATNA, Sept. 3.

H.E. the Governor of Bihar, being of opinion that employment in connection with the working or management of the Tata Iron and Steel Company at Jamshedpur is essential for securing the defence of British India and the efficient prosecution of the war, declares that all such employment is to be under the Essential Services Ordinance.—United Press.

FORFEITURE OF PRESS SUSPENDED

AKOLA, Sept. 3.

The Provincial Government have suspended the forfeiture order passed against the Rajasthan Printing Press as the directors have given the undertaking required by the Government. The Rajasthan Printing Press has been accordingly released since yesterday.

The Press, it may be recalled, was searched and seized on August 17 last.—United Press.

JOURNALISTS' PREMISES SEARCHED

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 2.

According to a Raipur message police raided and searched the premises of the editor and the assistant editor of the "Agradoot" a Hindi Nationalist Weekly of Raipur, but found nothing incriminating.—A. P.

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 2.

Maulana Burhanul Haque, President of the Jubbulpore city and district leagues, has resigned his membership of the Provincial National Defence Committee.—A. P.

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 2.

Mr. V. R. Pandit, Advocate, has resigned his membership of the Jubbulpore branch of the national war front committee along with three of his colleagues.—A. P.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

DECEMBER

New York, Sept. 3.

Previous closing	18.42
To-day's opening	18.41
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	not received

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 3.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

October not received.
December not received.
March not received.

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Sept. 3.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay September/October (£28 nominal) £28 quoted

Linseed Calcutta September/October (£22 1/4 quoted) £22 1/4 quoted

Linseed La Plata September/October unquoted

Groundnuts Coromandal September/October East Coast India shipment (£25 1/4 quoted) £25 1/4 quoted. West Coast India shipment (£25 1/2 quoted) £25 1/2 quoted

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept. 3

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 3.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 3.

London Gold (£8 8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 3.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London, Sept. 3.

London on Bombay (1-5 1/32 sellers 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-5 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 3.

The London Stock Exchange was very quiet.

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, Sept 3.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100 3/8

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent 1956-58 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £32 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 11/16
2 per cent Conversion Loan £100 3/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £116 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106 7/16
3 per cent War Loan £102 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 11/16

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 18-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-9
Electric Music Industry 17-9
Princhin Johnson 26
Imperial Chemical 33-4 1/2
Woolworth Ordinary 88-9
San Paulo 7 per cent. Coffee Rets £76 1/2
Dundee 26-3
Unilever Ordinary 30-3
Ford Motors 88-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £61 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordy £4 1/16
Carreas 'A' £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 15/32
P and O Defd 29-9
Distillers 79-0
Bredforda Dyes 10-6
British Celanese 12-6
J and P Coates 37-4
Courtaulds Ordinary 38-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 12-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-1 1/2
Inter Nickels def 39 1/4
Indian Iron 41-3.

TEA SHARES

Assam 14-10 1/2
Donaro Tea 25-7 1/2
Empire of India 16-0

JUTE

Barnagore £5

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 9-0
Gula Kelampong 7-6
Rubber Plant 14-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 16-10 1/2
Burma Corporation 3-3
Rio Tintos £7 3/4
East Rand Properties £1 23/32
Rand Mines £6 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown £3 3/8
Associated Portland Cement 50-7 1/2

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 2.

October	18.21
December	18.42
January	18.46
Middling spot	19.53

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 2.

October	18.41
December	18.63
January	18.66
Middling spot	18.61

NOON CALL

New York, Sept. 2.

October	18.25
December	18.46
March	18.59

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 3.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, Sept 2.

London gold fine per oz £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Sept 2.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid official 40.5
Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.96

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Sept 2.

Rosario Santa Fe Sept/Oct quoted £26
Barletta Rusco Sept/Oct quoted 26/1 1/2
South Australian Wheat Sept/Oct quoted 26

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept 2.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent £65
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later £100 3/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent £32 7/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 £107 11/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent £106 7/16
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £116 1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £114 11/16
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China £6 7/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg) £87 1/2
National Bank of India £36 1/4

Trinidad Leasehold 70-0
Sub-Nigel £5 11/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £0 15/16
Union Corporation 130-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-16 1/2
Anglo-India 45-1 1/2
Burma Oil £1 13/16
Mexican Eagle 10/-
Shell Transport £2 1/2
Royal Dutch £19 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £46 1/4
London Midland Ordinary £20 5/8
London North Eastern Defd £2 1/4
London Southern Defd £15 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent £124
London Transport 'C' £48 1/2

RHEUMATISM

Pains in Muscles and Joints Show Faulty Kidney Action

The root cause of rheumatism is to be found in the failure of the kidneys to perform their duty. The kidneys, which should take out every trace of poison or waste matter from the system, are allowing excess uric acid to remain and settle in joints, causing swelling, stiffness and the agonising pain of rheumatism. The correct treatment must restore the kidneys to their healthy, natural state, so that uric acid is filtered out. That is why De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills can effect permanent relief in the most obstinate cases of rheumatism.

De Witt's Pills act directly on the kidneys and restore them to their natural, effective action as the filters of the waste of the system. You will have visible proof of this direct action within 24 hours of taking De Witt's Pills. With the lessening of uric acid, the root cause of rheumatism disappears.

DE WITT'S

Kidney and Bladder PILLS

Obtainable of all dealers or V.P.P., on application to K. L. Marker, P.O Box 258, Bombay. A generous Free Sample sent on receipt of As. 1 ¼ stamp.

FOR MORE ENERGY
COOK ALL YOUR FOOD WITH
DALDA
DALDA VANASPATI
• DALDA IS ABSOLUTELY PURE
• DALDA CONTAINS NO ANIMAL FAT
• DALDA COSTS LESS—LASTS LONGER
• DALDA IS SOLD ONLY IN SEALED TINS
1 lb., 2 lbs., 5 lbs., 10 lbs.
• Rs. 1,000 GUARANTEE OF PURITY
What extra energy the family have, now that their food is prepared with Dalda! They are stronger, healthier and happier — for Dalda gives them better and more nourishing meals.
Food cooked with Dalda is always more nourishing, because Dalda supplies the essential vitamin which so many foods lack. Dalda makes every dish more appetising, more digestible — gives more benefit and more pleasure to your whole family.
FRY. FLAVOUR. SPREAD. COOK ALL YOUR FOOD WITH DALDA
BVM. 16-302
THE HINDUSTAN VANASPATI MANUFACTURING CO., LTD., BOMBAY

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

RANIPEN
KALES SALES ASSOCIATION
FORT . . . . . BOMBAY

Regd. No. B 1065

Friday, September 4, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

USE FEVERFAIL
A Sure Remedy FOR Malarial Fevers

Distributors:
PARSHURAM TRADING CO., Prarthana Samaj, Bombay 4.
P. SHAH & CO.
BUNDER ROAD, KARACHI.
RANIGUNJ SECUNDERABAD

Govt. Must Reverse Policy And Open Negotiations

Calcutta Business Interests Plead For National Govt. To Defend Country Effectively

The following resolution was adopted at the Joint Conference of prominent Indian industrial and commercial concerns held in Calcutta under the presidentship of Sir Badridas Goenka on Thursday the 27th August, 1942:—

We, the representatives of Indian industrial and commercial concerns in Calcutta assembled in a meeting under the Chairmanship of Sir Badridas Goenka, held on Thursday the 27th August, 1942 consider it our bounden duty to draw the serious attention of His Excellency the Viceroy to the situation now prevailing in the country which we view with concern and anxiety. We desire to place our views before His Excellency in the earnest hope that a satisfactory solution of the present turmoil may be arrived at the earliest opportunity and that measures might be immediately devised by the Government and the accredited leaders of Indian public opinion to avert any further deterioration in the situation.

NEED OF NATIONAL GOVT.

We are all businessmen and we need, therefore, hardly point out that our interest lies in peace, harmony, goodwill and order throughout the country. We believe also in the vital necessity of establishing a National Government deriving its strength and power from the people and which would constitute a solid foundation for the Defence of India. We believe that an amicable and honourable settlement between India and Britain is eminently desirable not only in the mutual interest of the two countries, but also of the wider cause for which the United Nations stand.

We consider that the differences which have unfortunately arisen are not such as to be incapable of adjustment or settlement. The British Government, through the Cripps declaration by which they even now stand, are committed to a recognition of the independence of India after the war and to the formulation of a Constitution by Indians themselves.

On the other hand, the Congress, the Muslim League and other important political bodies have not only proclaimed their sympathy in the fight against the Axis Powers and against aggression but their complete readiness to shoulder, along with the principal elements of the Indian nation, the burden of national defence and of the efficient prosecution of the War.

LESSON OF BURMA AND MALAYA

They have, however, felt and urged that the Indian people can play a worthy part in this world war only if they are made to feel that it is their war, and that the moral and material resources of the country could only be mobilised effectively by their own Government inspiring zeal and enthusiasm. We believe that there is profound truth in this demand for a National Government in order to enthuse the people for total war effort. The contrast between the determined fight waged in Russia and China on the one hand and the moral collapse in Burma, Malaya and other places on the other, carries with it a lesson for the British Empire, which should not be overlooked.

Similarly, the Wafd Party in spite of its long and ceaseless fight against Britain for the independence of Egypt is to-day a bulwark on the side of the United Nations.

A body wedded to the principle of Independence could alone fight against foreign menace; and in India too, those who have fought for the political freedom of India would naturally be best qualified to fight against the Axis invasion.

We feel, therefore, that there is common ground between the Government and those who demand an immediate transfer of power and we sincerely deplore the unfortunate misunderstanding of the fundamentals of the national demand which has precipitated the present conflict and led to bitterness, resentment and estrangement.

We submit that the only method of improving the existing situation is to change the atmosphere in the country. The people should be made to feel that it is their own Government, their own country for which they have to fight and sacrifice and die and that their prestige, honour, independence and very life are at stake. All this would be possible by an immediate recognition of the national demand for the transfer of real power from British to Indian hands. We appreciate however that the higher strategy of war should be under common direction and that transitional arrangements must be made for the united defence of India.

Representing as we do a variety of business interests and concerned as we are with the pursuit of our normal avocations of life, we cannot overlook the adverse reactions and repercussions of the present situation on trade, commerce and industry. Interruption of communications and transport dislocation have already affected business and war industries. The psychological reactions of the present unrest on commercial and industrial activity cannot too strongly be emphasised.

REPRESSION IS NO SOLUTION

While we unreservedly condemn all acts of violence, we emphatically submit that the need of the hour is not strong action or repressive measures which can at best drive the discontent underground and can never solve any deep-rooted unrest.

What is required is a broad and sympathetic understanding and tactful handling of a grave situation. We sincerely feel that the existing conditions tend to impede war effort and strongly submit that an immediate reconciliation is absolutely essential when the enemy is at the very gate of India awaiting to take advantage of our weakness.

Our primary concern is the advancement of the economic interests of the country and not politics. But we are nationalists believing in the need of economic and political freedom for India and are naturally moved and affected by the recent happenings. The events of the last two weeks have pained us beyond measure because we sincerely feel that these unfortunate developments could have been avoided through farsighted statesmanship and a willingness to apply immediately to India those ideals for which the United Nations are fighting. We represent commercial and industrial interests, but in the last resort, these interests themselves depend on the welfare and advancement of the mass of people. We have nothing to gain and everything to lose by unrest, disturbance and dislocation.

OPEN NEGOTIATIONS

We, therefore, say it with all the greater emphasis and with a full realisation of our responsibilities that the Government should immediately take all possible measures to reverse their present policy and open negotiations with the principal political parties so as to end the present impasse and to enable the realisation of Indian aspiration for a free India as a self-respecting and self-reliant member of the United Nations.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Without comment from R. P. Masani's message from the National War Front: ".....Moreover, by the righteousness of OUR cause, YOU will win. YOU must win." Who is "we" and who are "you"?

* * *

The "Deccan Times" of August 16th (to hand today) devotes almost a column to this Half Column, which is at first described as "an interesting and spicy daily feature", only to go on to show that the writer is dim and his memory is blacked-out. It says I was wrong in referring to Sir Mohammed Usman as the "ex-Vice-Chancellor", for he was still Vice-Chancellor, Fancy, making a para out of that quibble. Then I am told I was wrong when I said that Mr. Jinnah was not interested in Shakespeare. Says the "Deccan Times": ".....If you have read Mr. Jinnah's speeches you would have known how much Shakespeare there is in them..." Well, I have never heard it called "Shakespeare"!! But then the paper goes on to say: ....."There's no use if you read Jinnah's speeches alone; you ought to read Shakespeare as well.....!!"

Now I almost forget—was it Shakespeare who said of Jinnah, or Jinnah of Shakespeare that "His speeches were all sound and fury signifying nothing"? And where do I look for the likeness? In tragedy or comedy?

* * *

After reading the 'Deccan Times' I suppose we will shortly by discussing not whether Bacon wrote Shakespeare, but whether Jinnah is Hamlet. But then I have forgotten my Shakespeare.

Nizam's Agent In Berar

MADRAS, Sept. 2.

It is learnt that Sir Venkatasubba Rao is relinquishing his post as Agent of the Nizam in Berar. It is understood that the Nizam's Government has not yet decided on the successor to Sir Venkatasubba Rao, but the name of Sir Abdul Hameed, retired official of Kapurthala State, is being considered.—Orient Press.

PATETI HOLIDAYS FILM FARE

John Crayne and Paulette Goddard in "Reap the Wild Wind" at New Empire.

"REAP THE WILD WIND" AT NEW EMPIRE

BY T. V. P.

For the Parsee New Year Holidays, all the Bombay theatres showing English films have done their best to secure the best possible film fare. Even the second run pictures have been cleverly chosen.

Individual choice is bound to be different but personally, I would give first preference to the magnificent Cecil B. De Mille production "Reap the Wild Wind" which opens from today at New Empire.

De Mille took a thrilling, adventure story going back to the days of 1840, when America's sea-borne trade was threatened by wreckers who operated out of Key West. Ray Milland and Goddard Paulette who have been featured help to end this piracy.

The shipwreck and hurricane scenes are genuine screen marvels but the real hair-raising scene is the one in which Ray Milland and John Wayne fight under deep water when they are attacked by a giant squid. You are really restless in your seat as this sequence is being enacted before you. The picture is all the more attractive because it is in technicolour.

"Shadow Of The Thin Man" At Metro

William Powell and Myrna Loy have again assumed their famous characterizations as Nick and Nora Charles, with Nick, Jr., and Asta rounding out the now famous "Thin Man" family in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's "Shadow of the Thin Man," at Metro from Wednesday.

Mixing the hilarious domestic life of Nick and Nora with another fascinating murder case, the latest "Thin Man" story gives Detective Charles a difficult problem to solve, with no less than three corpses to deal with. Nora, as usual, tries to be the helpful little woman and, as usual, only adds to his sleuthing problems. Nick, Jr., now walking and talking, proves to be a young tyrant, and Asta has added some new tricks to those which have delighted audiences in the past.

"Blood And Sand" At Capitol

With the blazing pageantry of Spain providing the colourful background for Tyrone Power's most powerful role, 20th Century-Fox's technicolour hit, "Blood And Sand," produced by Darryl F. Zanuck features Linda Darnell and Rita Hayworth.

It had a successful three weeks' run in Bombay when first released at Regal. It is now being revived at Capitol.

Special Holiday Morning Shows At Metro

On Saturday, September 5th at 10 a.m. Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy in "Sweethearts"—Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's musical romance in technicolour.

On Sunday, September 6th All Comedy Shorts Programme consisting of Laurel and Hardy, Our Gang, Pete Smith, Cartoons, etc.

"One Of Our Aircraft Is Missing" At Excelsior

One of the most thrilling and spectacular dramas ever to hit the screen in "One of Our Aircraft is Missing" comes to the Excelsior theatre this week. The film depicts the actual bombardment of Stuttgart, and is replete with thrills from start to finish.

In the darkness of a Sunday morning, Somewhere in England, a Wellington bomber, with the identification mark of "B", comes flying home across the North Sea with nobody on board. It is rapidly losing height, it sweeps in over the coast just clearing the trees, an electricity pylon bars its way, and with a blinding flash and defening explosions the aircraft collides with the high-tension wires. But it had returned from a strenuous journey from Stuttgart and that makes the thrilling story of the film.

"SUN VALLEY SERENADE" AT PARADISE

Fox Pictures "Sun Valley Serenade" starring Sonja Henie and John Payne is released this week at Paradise.

On Sunday at 10-30 a. m. "Ebb Tide" will be the attraction.

SUNDAY SHOW AT CAPITOL

"His Affair" featuring Robert Taylor, Barbara Stanwyck and Victor McLagon will be shown at Capitol on Sunday at 10-30 a.m.

William Powell and Myrna Loy in "Shadow of the Thin Man" at Metro.

"Week-End In Havana" At Regal

The first showing of 20th Century-Fox's new technicolour musical, "Week-end In Havana" at Regal had all the thrills, excitement and romance of an actual visit to the pleasure city of the Caribbean.

Superb performances by Alice Faye, Carmen Miranda, John Payne and Cesar Romero against a background of magnificent technicolour scenes of beautiful Havana—outdoors and in its night clubs—combine to make this musical film highly enjoyable.

Sunday Morning Show at 10-30 a.m. at Regal will also be "Week-end In Havana".

"Moon Over Miami" At The Aurora

20th. Century Fox's Technicolor musical "Moon Over Miami" starring Betty Grable, Don Ameche, Robert Cummings and a host of other favourites, will provide delightful entertainment for the current week at Aurora.

On Saturday morning at 10-30 "100 Men and a Girl" starring Deanna Durbin will be shown at Aurora.

On Sunday morning at 10-30 "The Invisible Man" starring Claude Rains and Gloria Stuart will be shown at the Aurora.

"Babes On Broadway" At Palace

Mickey Rooney is again co-starred with Judy Garland in M-G-M's new musical, "Babes on Broadway" which is at Palace this week. Aided by a large supporting cast, Rooney and his gang deliver an evening of entertainment worth anybody's time and money.

On this Saturday morning, Palace will exhibit "40,000 Horsemen", whereas on Sunday morning the attraction will be "May Time" starring Nelson Eddy and Jeanette McDonald.

Two-Thirds Of Britain's People Engaged In War Work

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The General Secretary of the Trades Union Council, Sir Walter Citrine in a broadcast to North America said that two-thirds of the population in Britain over 14 years of age were engaged in war effort and over six million women were employed.

Remarkable results have been achieved in American war production but it would be false modesty not to say that Britain's output per worker in munition industries would compare favourably with any in the world.—Reuter.

LOW DEATH RATE AMONG U.S. TROOPS

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Death rate amongst American troops in Britain has been appreciably below that of troops in continental United States for the past six months according to Col. Paul R. Hawley, Chief Surgeon of the United States Army European Theatre of Operations.

There have been six deaths from disease and only 48 deaths from injuries, although operational casualties from air force are now coming in, the colonel said adding, most fatalities are due to automobile accidents.—Reuter.

Editor Of "Hindu" Leaves For Madras

BOMBAY Sept. 3.

Mr. K. Sreenivasan, Editor of the 'Hindu' and President of the All-India Editors' Conference, left for Madras on Wednesday.—A. P.

Air Minister's Appeal To German Workers

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The Nazi transport system is one of the main targets in Europe for the allied air force, said Sir Archibald Sinclair, Minister for Air in A.B.B.C. European broadcast last night to "Our Allies Inside Germany".

Calling for acts of sabotage against Hitler's railways, shipping and canals to back up the attacks from the air, he said that this would result in the crumbling of the German transport network which was already over-taxed and cracking.

"Delays, bombers Guerillas—such are the names whereby we can strangle the German transport" said Sir Archibald Sinclair, "that is where you can help.

The bombs which the R.A.F. are dropping in Germany belong to the same family as the grains and sand in the lubricating tube or the oil can. Cut the veins of your tyrant—and you will see him collapse."—Reuter

POONA RACES CANCELLED

POONA, September 3.

The Office of the Secretary of the Royal Western India Turf Club informs the 'Associated Press' that to-day's Poona Races (Poona Races First Day) has been cancelled due to weather condition.

Consequently the Poona Races First Day will be held on Saturday, September 5, and the Second Day on Thursday, September 10. —A. P.

MOST POPULAR CHINESE ENVOY

Covered 37,000 Miles In Lecture Tour

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.

Doctor H. U. Shih who is reported to be returning to Chungking after having been Ambassador here for four years is one of the most popular Chinese envoys ever accredited to Washington.

He has done the utmost to help his country.

In a lecture tour last year he covered more than 37,000 miles. —Reuter.

"Grafspee" Ex-Officer's Arrest Ordered

BUENOS AIRES, September 3.

The arrest of Lieutenant Herbert Drews, former officer of the "Grafspee" was ordered by the Committee of Investigation of anti-Argentine activities, following his refusal to testify before the Committee, which is now investigating the situation of the remainder of the crew of the sunken German warship still in Argentina.—Reuter.

THE Mira TOOTH BRUSH GETS INTO EVERY CREVICE!

The "Mira" toothbrush ensures thorough teeth cleaning and healthy gum massage. A specially designed tuft means that even the tiny, difficult to reach crevices at the back of the mouth (where decay often starts unseen) are thoroughly cleansed. The "Mira" is the right brush at the right price—with pure, selected bristles anchor set so that they simply can't come out! It lasts longer!

Look for the box with the blue band

LACTOPEPTINE ENDS INDIGESTION

Indigestion is the cause of nine tenths of human suffering. The food you eat should contain the basis of your health and strength, but how can you be well if it is causing you to double up with pain, "burning" you with acidity and producing distension and flatulence? You will obtain immediate relief from these ailments by taking LACTOPEPTINE.

DIGESTS LIKE NATURE DIGESTS

That's the secret of LACTOPEPTINE. It digests just like Nature digests. It does, in fact, contain those very ingredients which Nature herself uses in the human digestion. Try LACTOPEPTINE after your next meal. You'll be delighted at the freedom from pain and distress. You'll be amazed how much better and brighter you feel. LACTOPEPTINE is obtainable in 3 forms, Tablets, Powder and Elixir, from all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars

Why Not Look and Feel YEARS YOUNGER

YOU can look years younger than you really are. You can have a flawless complexion, youthful figure and be active and happy if you follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

Bile Beans bring renewed health and vigour and counteract any tendency to put on weight. So, if you want to be youthful and energetic, remember to take Bile Beans at bedtime.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food waste: thus improving your health and keeping you youthful and attractive.

BILE BEANS

KEEP YOU HEALTHY AND YOUTHFUL

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—Price ONE RUPEE a Bottle

CHARLIE CHAN — THIS WAY OUT — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

MISSING FINGERNAIL AND STEVE CARSON'S CONFESSION WILL HANG YOU, HAWK!
MOTHER MARY IS SNEAKING BEHIND CHAN! I'LL STALL HIM!
CHAN, I'LL PAY YOU FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS TO GIVE ME A FIFTY MINUTE START!
BRIBER STEALS GREATEST TREASURE -OTHER MAN'S HONOR!
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
STAND BACK, OR WILL SHOOT!
I'LL NEVER BE TAKEN ALIVE!
HE'S OUT COLD! I'LL PAY YOU WELL FOR THIS, MOTHER MARY! WE'LL ESCAPE IN MY AIRPLANE!
EVEN A PLANE CAN'T BE FAST ENOUGH FOR ME!
Alfred Andriola
7-13

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.